

husbandman, n. *agricola*, m. *arator* (= ploughman). **husbandry**, n. 1, *res rustica, res rusticæ* (= the occupations of a farmer); = agriculture, *agricultura, agricultio* (or as two words); 2, = care of domestic affairs, *cura rerum domesticarum*; 3, = economy, as, good —, *frugalitas*.

husk, I. interj. *st! tace, pl. tacete.* II. v.tr. *restinguere, extingüere* (e.g. *tumultum, to* — the crowd); to — cares, *alcs animum lenire et placare, placare et mitigare*; to — up a rumour, *rumorem opprimer*; see **SUPPRESS**.

husk, n. *folliculus, gluma.* **husky**, adj. (*sub)raucus*; see **HOARSE**.

hustings, n. *suggestus, -ūs (suggestum)* (= platform), *comitium* (= place of election).

hustle, v.intr. *alym cubito offendere, premere.*

hut, n. *casa* (= a small —, cottage), *tugurium.*

hutch, n. *cavea* (= cage).

huzza, I. interj. *ejah! ejah! evoo! io! io!* II. n. (= a shout of joy), *clamor et gaudium.* III. v.intr. (*ac)clamare, conclamare, succlamare*; see **SHOUT**.

hyacinth, n. *hyacinthus (hyacinthos).*

Hyades, n. *Hyades, -um, f.*; *scruciae* (mis-translation of *vádes*, as though from *βάς* = pig, instead of *βέα* = to rain).

Hymen, n. *Hymen or Hymenaeus.* **Hy-** *meneal*, adj. *nuptialis.*

hymn, I. n. *hymnus*; = in honour of Apollo or other gods, a song of triumph, *paeam, -anis*, m. II. v.tr. *cantu alcs laudes prosequi.*

hyperbole, n. *hyperbole* (or *hyperbola*), —, f., *veritatis superlativus et trajectio.* **hyperbolical**, adj. *veritatis modum excedens.*

Hyperborean, adj. + *Hyperboreus.*

hypercritical, adj. *iniquus, severus.* Adv. *nimirum cum severitate.* **hypercriticism**, n. *nimirum severitas.*

hypochondria, n. *atra* or *nigra bilis.* **hypochondriacal**, adj. *melancholicus.*

hypocrisy, n. (*dis)simulatio, fraus, -dis, f., mendacium;* without —, *ex animo.*

hypocrite, n. (*dis)simulator. hypocritical*, adj. *simulatus, fictus.* Adv. *simulare, ficte.*

hypothesis, n. *opinio, sententia* (= opinion), *ratio, condicō* (= condition), *conjectura* (= conjecture); on this —, *qua posito, quibus positis.*

hypothetical, adj. *opinabilis.* Adv. to speak —, *ex conjecturā or de re opinabili dicere*; if this be granted, *hoc concessō or posito.*

hysteria, n. 1, med. t.t. * *hysteria*; 2, = excitement, *furor, animi or mentis motus, -ūs, commotio, animus (com)motus.* **hysterical**, adj. 1, *hystericus* (Plin.); 2, † *jurens, mente (com)motus.*

I.

I, pron. *ego, egomet.* It is generally only expressed in Latin when we wish to speak emphatically. The plural is frequently used in Latin for I. — myself, *ego ipse, egomet ipse, ipse*; — at least, *ego quidem, equidem.*

iambic, I. adj. *iambicus.* II. n. *iambus.*

ice, n. *glacies, gelu;* to break the —, fig. *viam apiere.* **ice-berg**, n. *glaciē moles, -is.* **icicle**, n. † *stiria.* **icy**, adj. I, lit. *glacialis, gelidus, frigidus;* 2, fig. use *superbus*. Adv. *superbo.*

idea, n. = — of anything, *notio (notionem*

appello, quod Graeci tum ἔρωαν, tum πρόληψιν dicunt. Ea est insita, et ante percepta cuiusque formae cognitio, endotaxis indigens, Cic.); = the apprehension of anything, *inteligentia (intelligi), intellectus, -ūs (Quint.)*; the — which we form therefrom, opinion, *opinio*; = the picture we have of anything, *imago, effigies*; = the expectation we base upon the latter, *ex(s)pectatio*; = the — formed of anything, *informatio*; the — we form, an image to the mind, *species, idea*, (= thought) *cogitatio*; = the meaning of anything, *vis, cis, f., sententia*; an original, innate —, *notio in animis informata; notio animis impressa; insita et quasi consignata in animis notio; innata cognitio; praenotio insita or insita praeceptaque cognitio; quod natura insculpsit in mentibus*; = an innate — of God, *informatio Dei antimo antecipa; obscure —, cognitio indagationis indigens*; to form a correct — of, *recte sentire de alqđ re*; to have no — of, *notionem alcs rei nullam habere, alqđ ignorare*; to have a false, wrong — of, *prava de alqđ re sentire*; to have a clear — of, *perspectum habere alqđ*; much depends on what — you have of the office of a tribune, *plurimum referat quid esse tribunatum putes*; we have not all one and the same — about what is honourable and dis-honourable, *non eadem omnibus honesta sunt ac turpia*; that — of Aristippus, *illud Aristippum; iidea, iidea*, in the meaning of Plato's system of mental philosophy, is generally rendered by Cic. by *idea*, with *species*, e.g. *hanc illi iidea appellant, jam a Platone ita nominatam, nos recte speciem possumus dicere*; and in Senec. by *idea or exemplar rerum*; to raise the mind to the — (in the sense of modern metaphysics), *a consuetudine oculorum mentis aciem abducere*; = definition of fear, *metus, -ūs* (e.g. to be subordinate to the — of fear, etc., *sub metum subjectum esse*). **ideal**, I. adj. 1, *optimus, summus* (= the best, most excellent); = most perfect, *perfectissimus* (rare), *perfectus et omnibus numeris absolutus*; = most beautiful, *pulcherrimus*; 2, = intellectual, *quod tantummodo ad cogitationem vult; quod non sensu, sed mente cernitur.* II. n. *singularis quadam summae perfectionis species animo informata, singularis quadam summae perfectionis imago animo et cogitatione concepta* (i.e. the idea of the highest perfection as conceived in the mind); anything in the most accomplished form, *undique explicata et perfecta forma alcs rei, optimā et perfecta alcs rei species, optimum*; = what we picture in our minds as the — of anything, *effigies, imago, simulacrum* (also = the highest idea of anything, which is constantly in our mind), *species, forma*; — of beauty, *species pulchritudinis eximia quadam*; = a pattern, model, *exemplar (et forma)*; = a pattern (in a moral sense), specimen (e.g. *prudentiae specimen pontifex maximus, Qu. Scavola*). Very often an — may also be rendered by adjs., *summus, optimus, pulcherrimus*; — of a state, *civitas optima or perfectissima*; — of a wise man (in mental philosophy), *sapiens, perfectus homo planeque sapiens*; — of an orator, *imago perfecti oratoris, simulacrum oratoris, orator summus, normalis et regulis oratoris* (e.g. *Demosthenes ille, normalis oratoris et regula*); a beat — of a state, *imago civitatis, quam cogitatione tantum et mente complecti, nullo autem modo in vitam hominum introducere possumus* (= an — state); a state of the highest perfection, *civitas perfectissima*; = pattern, model of a state, *exemplar reipublicae et forma*; — of a state in Plato, *illa comunitia Platonis civitas*; *civitas, quam fixit Plato, cum optimum reipublicae statum exquireret.* **idealism**, n. *ars or vis animo sibi fingendi alqđ.* **idealistic**, n. *qui alqđ sibi animo fingit.* **idealistic**, v.tr. *speciem alcs rei animo sibi fingere, concepere, informare, a consuetudine oculorum mentis aciem abducere*; see **IDEAL**.

identical, adj. *eiusdem generis* (= of the same kind); *idem*, *unus et idem*, *idem et par*, *nihil aliud nisi*; at the very same time, *eadem* or *uno eodemque tempore*; to be —, *nihil differre*; exertion and grief are not —, *interest aliquid inter laborem et dolorem*. **identity**, n. *eadem vis* or *ratio*; *nullum omnino discrimen*.

ides, n. *idus*, -uum, f.pl.

idiom, n. 1. = mode of expression peculiar to a language, *proprietas; quae Latinae linguae propria sunt*; *loquendi ratio*; 2. = genius or peculiar cast of a language, *idioma*, *-atis*, n. (Gram.). **idiomatic**, adj. *proprius*. Adv. *pro-*

idiot, n. lit. and fig. (*homo*) *stultus*; see **FOOL**. **idiocy**, n. *fatuitas*, *stultitia*.

idle, I. adj. 1. = inactive, unemployed, *otiosus*, *vacuus*, *ignavus*, *piger*, *iners*, *segnis*, *deses*, *-tidis*; 2. = useless, *inutilis*, *vanus*, *irritus*; see **USELESS**, **VAIN**; 3. = trifling, unprofitable, *tēvis*, *vīlis*; see **INSIGNIFICANT**. Adv. *ignave*, *segniter*, *frustra*, *incassum* (or as two words). II. v.intr. *cessare*, *nihil agere*. **idleness**, n. 1. *cessatio*, *ottum*; 2. = laziness, *segnitia*, *pigritia*, *desidia*. **idler**, n. *homo deses*; = one who loafers, *cessator*; I am the greatest — in the world, *nihil me est inertius*.

idol, n. 1. **idolum* (= an image or likeness, = "idol" in the Christian Fathers); 2. fig. *amores*, *deliciae*, comb. *amores et deliciae* (of a beloved person). **idolator**, n. *deorum factorum cultor*. **idolatrous**, adj. **idolatricus*, *factos deos colens*. **idolatry**, n. *deorum factorum (or simulacrorum) cultus*, -as; to practise —, *cōtēre factos deos*, *aliquid pro deo venerari*.

idyl, n. *carmen bucolicum*, *bucolicz*, -orum (of a poem). **idyllic**, adj. by circumloc. (e.g. an — future of leisurely life, *pulcherrima quædam vitæ umbratilis descriptio*).

if, conj. *si* (with the indic. mood if we merely speak about the reality of a thing; with the subj. if we represent anything as possible, probable, or doubtful); — every event is determined by fate, we cannot be too cautious, *si fatu omnia fiunt*, *nihil nos admonere potest ut cautiores simus*; a whole day would not be sufficient, — I were to enumerate, *dies deficit*, *si velim numerare*; in comparisons (e.g. — anything of that kind delights me, it is painting, *si quid generis istiusmodi me delectat*, *pictura delectat*); *quod si* is often used instead of *si*, owing to a tendency in Latin to connect sentences by relatives. Very often we render — by a participle (e.g. I should never have thought of it, — you had not reminded me, *non mihi, nisi admonito, in mentem venisset*); but —, *sin*, *sin autem*, *sin vero*; but — not, but unless, *si non*, *si minus*, *sin minus*, *sin aliter*; — not, unless, *nisi*, *ni*, *si non* (a negative condition, where *non* must be taken together with the verb); — not perhaps, *nisi forte*; namely —, *si quidem*; that is — (in correcting or modifying an expression previously used), *si modo*, and simply *si* (e.g. God only gives us reason, that is, — we have any, a *Deo tantum rationem habemus*, *si modo habemus*; — only, *dum modo*, *dummodo* (with the subjunctive); — perhaps, *si forte* (not *si fortasse*; see **PERHAPS**); — anyone, *si (ali)quis*; — anything, *si (ali)quid*; — at any time, — some day, *si (ali)quando* (*si aliquis*, *si aliquid*, *si aliquando* are only used if we lay a particular stress on the word "some"); even — (although), *quamquam*, *quamvis* *licet*, *etsi*, *etiam* (see **ALTHOUGH**); whether . . . or —, *sive* (*seu*) . . . *sive* (*seu*); as —, *quasi*, *tamquam* (*tang*), *as si*, *velut si*, (with conj.), (e.g. the Sequani feared the cruelty

of Arioistus the same in his absence as — he were present, *Sequani Arioistii absenti crudelitatem, velut si coram adesset, horreabant*); —, after many words, especially after to seem, to pretend, to feign, to suspect, to doubt, etc., by the accus. with inf. (e.g. with some I create a suspicion, as — I intended to sail, *moves nonnullis suspicione velle me navigare*; he did as — he were mad, *simulavit se fur̄ere*); as —, after *videor* (= it looks, appears to me), rendered with the nominative with inf. (e.g. it looks as — you were angry, *iratum esse videbis*); not as —, *non quo* (not as — I had anything to write to you, *non quo haberem, quod tibi scriberem*).

ignite, I. v.tr. = to kindle or set on fire, *accendere*, *incendere*, *inflammare* (rare); see **FIRE**, **HEAT**. II. v.intr. *exardescere*, *accendi*, *incendi*, etc. (lit. and fig.); *ignem* or *flamnam concipere*; see **KINDLE**, **EXCITE**. **igneous**, adj. *igneus*. **ignition**, n. *incensio*, but better use verb.

ignoble, adj. *ignobilis* (= of low birth); = of unknown origin, *obscuro loco natus*, *obscuris ortus majoribus*; = of low rank and character, *humilis* (of persons and things, e.g. speech, *oratio*; style, *verbum*); = of low descent, *humili loco natus*; = illiberal, *illiberatus*; = low, despicable, *abjectus*, *turpis*; — disposition, meanness of action, *humilitas*, *illiberitas*. Adv. *humiliter*, *illiberaler*, *turpiter*.

ignominy, n. *ignominia*, *infamia*, *dedecus*, *örüs*, *probrum*, *contumelia*, *turpitudi*; to throw — upon, *aliqui ignominia afficeré*, *ignominiam alcū imponere* or *injungere* or *inuere*. **ignominious**, adj. *ignominiosus*, *contumeliosus*, *turpis*, *probrosus*. Adv. *contumeliose*, *turpiter*.

ignoramus, n. *homo inscius alcjs rei*. **ignorance**, n. *inprudentia*, *inscientia*; = want of abilities, *inscītia*; — of facts, *ignoratio*; = want of education, *ignorantia* (all with gen.); to confess one's — in many things, *confiteri multa se ignorare*. **ignorant**, adj. *insciens* (opp. *sciens*), *inscius*; = unawares, *imprudens* (opp. *sciens*), *inscius alcjs rei* (= illiterate); = unskilful in, *ignarus alcjs rei*; = inexperienced in, *imperitus alcjs rei*, comb. *inscius imperitusque*; quite — of, *rudis alcjs rei* or in *aliquid re*, or comb. *alcjs rei inscius et rudis*; = not learned, *inductus*; = illiterate, *illiteratus*, *inductus*; a pupil who is only a beginner, *rudis et integer discipulus*; to be — of, *aliquid nescire*, *aliquid ignorare*; = not to be skilled in, *aliquid non callere*. Adv. by adj. or *inprudenter*, *inscītenter*, *inscīte*, *imperite*, *indocē*. **ignore**, v.tr. *praeterire*.

Iliad, n. *Ilias*.

ill, I. adj. 1. *aeger*, *aegrotus*, *morbus* (= seized by disease), *valeitudine affectus*, *invalidus*, *infirmus*, *imbecillus*; very —, *gravi et periculoso morbo aeger*; to be —, *aegrotare*, *morbo affecti* or *laborare*; to fall —, *morbo corripi*; *in morbum incideré*; 2. in gen. *malus*; of an — reputation, *male audire*, *pravus*, *nequam* (= wicked). II. Adv. *male*, *prave*, *misere*, *miseriter*; it goes — with me, *male mecum agitur*; to brook a thing —, *aliquid aegre* or *moleste ferre*.

III. n. *malum*, *pestis*, *pestilentia* (= plague), *incommodum*; *casus*, -us (= misfortune). **ill-advised**, adj. *inconsultus*, *temerarius*; see **RASH**. **ill-aFFECTED**, adj. 1. = unfriendly, *inimicus*, *infestus*; 2. = disloyal, *infidelis*; — citizens, *cives turbulenti et mali*. **ill-bred**, adj. *humanitatis expers*, *inurbanus*. **ill-breeding**, n. *mores inurbani*; *inhumanitas*. **ill-fated**, adj. *infelix*, *miser*; see **UNHAPPY**. **ill-favoured**, adj. see **UGLY**. **ill-gotten**, adj. *male partus*. **ill-health**, n. *valetudo infirma*. **ill-made**, adj. *informis*, *deformis* (by nature, opp. to *formosus*), *male factus* (by art). **ill-matched**, adj. *impar*; see **UN-**

EQUAL. **ill-mannered**, adj. see **ILL-BRED**.
ill-nature, n. *malignitas*. **ill-natured**, adj. *morus, difficultis, malignus*. **illness**, n. *morbis, aegrotatio, valetudo, infirma, adversa, incommoda or tenuis*. **ill-omened**, adj. *dirus, infaustus, inauspicatus*. **ill-tempo**, n. *stomachus, morositas, malignitas, iracundia*.

illegal, adj. *legi repugnans, contrarius, quod contra leges fit*; = contrary to the law of God and man, *contra jus fasque, contra fas et ius*. Adv. *contra legem or leges; praeter leges or jus*; **illegality**, n. by the adj.

illeigible, adj. *qui, quae, quod legi non potest*; to be —, *legi non posse*.

illegitimate, adj. 1, *incerto patre natus, spurius (Jct.); pellice ortus, nothus (νόθος = a bastard) (Quint.), (h)ibrida (hyb.)*, (= a person whose parents were of different countries, or one of whose parents was a slave); 2, in gen. = unlawful, *non legitimus (not illegitimus), quod contra leges fit; haud ex legibus*; 3, = not genuine, adulterated, *adulterinus*. Adv. *non legitime, haud ex legibus, contra leges*.

illiberal, adj. *illiberalis* (= unworthy of a free man, e.g. a joke, *sarcas*) = mean, ungenerous, *sordidus, parcus, avarus, malignus*. **illiberality**, n. *illiberalitas, avaritia, parsimonia (parc), malignitas*.

illicit, adj. *inconcessus, vetitus (= prohibited), nefus, n. indecl. (= contrary to human and divine law, impious)*; — means, *artes malae*.

illimitable, adj. *infinitus*.

illiterate, adj. *illiteratus, indoctus, ineruditus*; to be —, *nescire lit(eras)*. Adv. *indocte*.

illlogical, adj. *quod haud necessario consequitur, inconstans, quod vitiouse conclusum est*. Adv. *inconstanter, vitiouse*.

illumine, illumine, illuminate, v.tr. 1, = to throw light on, *collustrare, illustrare* (lit. and fig.); *illuminare* (lit. = illuminate, fig. = to throw light upon a matter; none of these verbs used in reference to the mind); the light of the sun — all things, *sol cuncta luce suā illustrat*; to be —d by the sun, *sole illumine esse*; to — a town, *in urbe pernoctantia lumina accende* (Amnian, said of the lighting of the streets); 2, = to enlighten the mind, *colere, docere, erudire*; 3, = to adorn with pictures (as to — manuscripts or books, according to ancient practice), *varii pingere, alici rei vivos colores inducere*. **illumination**, n. 1, of MSS., use verb **ILLUMINATE**, 3; 2, = the picture itself, *pictura, tabula*; 3, mental —, *eruditio, doctrina*.

illusion, n. (*opinio*) *error, somnium, opinio falsa or vana*. **illusive, illusory**, adj. *vanus, falsus, commenticius*.

illustrate, v.tr. 1, *illustrare*; see **ILLUMINATE**; 2, = a book, *librum tabulis or picturis ornare*; 3, = to explain, *illustrare*; see EXPLAIN. **illustration**, n. 1, *explicatio*; see EXPLANATION; 2, of a book, *pictura, tabula*; 3, = example, *exemplum*. **illustrious**, adj. (*praeclarus, amplius (usu. in superl.), splendidus, illustris, insignis, egregius, extimus, spectatus, nobilis, praestans*). **illustrative**, adj. *quod aliquid illustrat, explicat, etc.*

image, n. 1, *imago, simulacrum, effigies*; = painting, *tabula picta, pictura*; = statue, *statua*; to form an — on likeness, *imaginem alicjs exprimere*; 2, = a conception, *imago, species*; to form an — of, *animo aliquid effingere*; 3, in rhetoric, *translatio, figura*. **image-worshipper**, n. qui *imagines pro Deo veneratur*. **imagery**, n. 1, = sensible representations, pictures, statues,

imago; 2, = forms of the fancy, *imago*; sēe FANCY. **imaginable**, adj. *quod cogitari potest, quod cogitatione comprehendi or percipi potest, quod in cogitationem cadit, cogitabilis (Sen.)*; with all — pains, *maximo, quod fieri potest, studio*.

imaginative, adj. *opinatus (e.g. a good, bonum; an evil, malum), opinabilis, commenticius, imaginarius, fictus, falsus, inanis*; — misfortunes, *malorum opinio*; — difficulties, *difficultates, quas sibi alg̃ ipse fingit*; see FANCY. **imagination**, n. *cogitatio* (= a thought, the faculty of thinking); an idle —, *metus, -ūs, inanis, species inanis*; = an idea without foundation, *opinio (falsa)*; to exist in —, not in reality (e.g. of an evil), *opinio esse, non naturae*; what lies only in one's —, *opinatus*; only based upon —, *opinabilis*; = false, fictitious, *falsus, fictus*; = the faculty of understanding, *mens, comb. cogitatio et mens*. **imaginative**, adj. *ingeniosus* (of one who has always new ideas); *solviters* (of one who understands the art of following out an idea); one who is —, *ingenium ad excogitandum acutum*. Adv. *ingenioso, solvitert, acute*. **imagine**, v.tr. and intr. *animo concipere, cogitare, completi, or simply cogitare, fingere, conjectura consequi*; = invent, *communisci, excogitare, fingere, machinari*; I — (parenthetically), *ut opinor*.

imbecile, adj. *fatuus, stultus*; see FOOLISH. **imbecility**, n. *imbecillitas animi or ingenii, fatuitas (rare), stultitia*.

imbibe, v.tr. *bibere, combibere, imbibere*; fig. se aliquid re imbuere, aliquid re infici; — errors with your mother's milk, *errores cum lacte nutricis sugere*.

imbrue, v.tr. *imbuere, madefacere*; — with blood, *cruentare*.

imbue, v.tr. 1, = to dye, *tinctuere, inficere*; 2, fig. aliquid aliquid re inficere, *imbuere, aliquid docere*.

imitable, adj. *imitabilis, quod imitari possumus*. **imitate**, v.tr. *imitari* (e.g. the human voice, *voces hominum*); to — in dress, manners, to — a statue, painting, sound, action, (*imitando* or *imitatione*) *exprimere, imitando effingere*; to emulate, endeavour to equal or excel, *aemulari aliquid or aliquid and alici or cum alio (aemulari = imitating a rival; imitans = imitating one who is a pattern to us, who is our superior in that wherein we try to imitate him; aemulari aliquid in a good sense; aemulari alici until Quint. only in bad sense, i.e. to contend with a spirit of rivalry); to — (i.e. to tread in anyone's footsteps), (per)sequi*. **imitation**, n. 1, the act of imitating, *imitatio* (in gen.); the desire of —, *imitatio, imitandi studium*; = emulation, *aemulatio*; also circumlocution with *imitari* (e.g. to devote oneself to the — of a person, *ad imitationem alicjs se conferre or ad imitationem alicj se conferre*); 2, = the thing itself that is imitated, *res imitatione or imitando expressa, res imitando effecta; effigies, imago, simulacrum*; to be an — of anything, *imitatione ex aliquid re expressum esse*; see IMAGE. **imitative**, adj. qui aliquid facile imitatur. **imitator**, n. imitator; a zealous —, *aemulus, aemulator*.

immaculate, adj. *purus, sanctus, incorruptus, innocens, integer*; = chaste, pure, innocent, *castus, comb. castus et integer, integer castusque, castus purusque*. Adv. *pure, sancte, incorrupte, castate*.

immanent, adj. in aliquid re inhaerens, interior.

immaterial, adj. 1, = incorporeal (e.g. spirits), *corpo vacans, quod cerni tangere non potest*; 2, = unimportant, by nullius momenti, *nullo momento, levis*; to consider as —, *non flocci facere*. **immateriality**, n. by circumloc.

Plato asserts the — of the Deity, *Plato sine corpore ullo Deum esse vult.*

immature, adj. lit. and fig. *immaturus*, *erodus* (lit., poet, and late fig.).

immeasurable, adj. *immensus*; = endless, *infinitus* (e.g. multitude); = immense, extremely large, *vastus*, *ingens* (e.g. fortune); a mountain of — height, *mons in immensum editus*. Adv. *in or ad immensum*.

immediate, adj. 1. = without the intervention of anyone else, *ipse*, *proximus*; an — cause, *caus(a) efficiens* or *proxima*; 2. = without delay, *præsens*. Adv. *use adj.* (e.g. to apply — to anyone, *alqm ipsum adire*); *statim* (followed by *ab alqa re* or *ut or simulac*), *protinus*, *confestim*, *extemps*, *e(x) vestigio*; not — from the field of battle, *non ex ipsa acie*; — after anyone (in order, rank, or time), *secundum alqm*; — after, *sub alqa* (e.g. — after these words he threw himself at his feet, *sub haec dicta ad genua ejus procubuit*); — after (i.e. as a sequel to, and in consequence of), *ex alqa re* (e.g. — after the dictatorship made into a consul, *consul ex dictaturâ factus*).

immemorial, adj. = beyond memory, e.g. from time —, *ex omni memoria actatum*, or *temporum* (i.e. throughout all ages); = as long as we can think, *post hominum memoriam*; = from the remotest times, *inde ab antiquissimis temporibus*, also by *priscus*, *antiquissimus*, *perantiquus* (= from ancient times, opp. *novus*, of persons and things); *avitus* (= from the times of our grandfathers); it is an — custom, *ex antiquis temporibus inverteravit*.

immense, adj. *ingens*, *vastus*, *immensus*, *infinitus*. Adv. *ad or in immensum*; = very much, *maxime*, *valde*. **immensity**, n. *immensis*, *vastitas*.

immerse, v.tr. 1. (*in)mergere*, *demergere*, *submergere* (*in*) *alqa re* or *in alqa*; 2. fig. *alqm in alqa demergere*; = to fall into deep meditation about, *se totum in alqa rei cognitione collocare*.

immersion, n. by the verb.

immethodical, adj. = not properly arranged, *incompositus*; = disordered, irregular, not put in order, *inordinatus* (e.g. soldiers, *militis*); = without method, *+ indigestus*; = careless, *neglegens* (*neglig.*). Adv. *sine ordine*, *incomposite*, *neglegenter*.

immigrate, v.intr. (*in)migrare. **immigrant**, n. *advena*, m. and f. **immigration**, n. *adventus*, -*ns* (e.g. of foreign tribes, *aliarum gentium*).*

imminent, adj. *praesens*, *maximus*, *summus* with n. (e.g. to be in — danger, *in summo periculo esse*); by *subesse* (= to be at hand, near), *instare* (= to draw nigh, threaten, e.g. winter, war), *imminere*, *impendere* (to be —, e.g. evils, calamities).

immitigable, adj. *qui se mitigari non patitur.*

immobility, n. *immobilitas*, or by adj.; see *IMMOVABLE*.

immoderate, adj. *immodicus* (= exceeding bounds, also in a moral sense); = intemperate, *immoderatus* (e.g. in drunk; also in a moral sense); *intemperans*; = incontinent, unchaste, *incontinens*; = impotent, ungovernable, *impotens* (e.g. joy, *laetitia*), in anything, *alejs rei*; = immodest (of persons and things), unrestrained, fierce, *effrenatus*; = boldness, *audacia*; = profuse, *effusus*, *profusus*; = immense, *immanis* (e.g. size, *magnitudo*; sums of money, *pecuniae*); = extravagant, *luxurious*. Adv. *immoderate*, *intemperanter*, *immodeste*, *effuse*,

profuse, *immodice*, *luxurioso*; to drink —, *vincere sa
brûre*. **immoderation**, n. *intemperantia*, *incontinentia*; — in speaking, *immoderatio verborum*.

immodest, adj. = arrogant, *arrogans*; = insolent, haughty, *insolens*; = indiscreet, *impudicus*, *inverecundus*. Adv. *immodeste*, *arroganter*, *insolenter*, *impudice*. **immodesty**, n. = arrogance, *arrogantia*; = haughtiness, *insolentia*; = indiscretion, *impudicitia*.

immediate, v.tr. *immolare*. **immolation**, n. *immolatio*.

immoral, adj. *pravus*, *depravatus*, *perditus*, *inhonestus* (= base, nasty); = infamous, *turpis*, *comb*, *turpis atque in honestus*; *flagitiosus*, *nequam*, *corruptus*; see *WICKED*; a person of bad principle, *male moratus*, *malis or corruptis moribus*; — conduct, *mores turpes*, *mores corrupti*. Adv. *inhonesta*, *turpiter*, *flagitiouse*, *perdite*, *prave*. **immorality**, n. *mores corrupti* or *perditi* (= immoral habits); *turpitudi*, *morum pravitas* or *depravatio*, or by *vitia*, *sceleratum* (= crimes), *libidines* (= lusts); a life dedicated to —, *vita vitis flagitiisque omnibus dedita*.

immortal, adj. *immortalis* (opp. *mortalis*; of persons and things, also in gen. = imperishable, e.g. glory); = eternal, *aeternus* (of things, e.g. soul, life, glory); = everlasting, unceasing, *semipertinus* (e.g. soul, life, glory); to be —, *immortalem* or *semipertinere esse*, *non interire* (in gen. e.g. of the soul); to have — life, *vitâ semipertinâ frui*; to have — glory, *memoria omnium saeculorum vigere*. **immortality**, n. *immortalitas* (opp. *mortalitas*); = eternity, hence eternal glory, *aeternitas*; — of the soul or souls, *immortalitas* or *aeternitas animi* or *animorum*; = immortal glory, *immortalis* or *semipertinera gloria*; to assert the — of the soul, *dicere animos hominum esse immortales* or *semipertinos*. **immortalize**, v.tr. *alqa* *immortali gloriae tradere*; see *IMMORTAL*.

immovable, adj. *immobilis*, *immotus*, *stabilis* (all lit. and fig.); — property, *res or bona quae moveri non possunt*; to be — (lit.), *loco suo non moveri*; see *FIRM*. Adv. *use adj.* **immovability**, n. *immobilitas*.

immunity, n. 1. *vacatio*, *immunitas* (e.g. *tributorum*); 2. see *FREEDOM*.

immure, v.tr. *muro sapire*, *cingere* (= to enclose with a wall); see *SHUT*.

immutability, n. *immutabilitas* (Cic.); = firmness, consistency, *constantia*; = steadfastness, *stabilitas* (e.g. *amicitiae*); = continuance, *perpetuitas*; — of anyone's disposition, *constans in alqa voluntas*. **immutable**, adj. *immutabilis*; = constant, *constans*; = fixed, unchangeable, *ratus* (e.g. the course of the moon, *cursus lunæ*; the order of the stars, *astrorum ordines*); = undisturbed, *perpetuus* (e.g. right, *jus*). Adv. *constanter*, *perpetuo*. **immutation**, n. *mutatio*; see *CHANGE*.

imp, n. 1. = child, *progenies*; an — of mischievous, *puer lascivus*; 2. = demon, * *daemon*.

impair, v.tr. *alqa* (*im)minuere*, *deminuere*, *communiuere*, *debitare*, *frangere*, *infringere*; — an argument, *elevarere*, *adversare* statu or condicione esse, *pejore loco esse*.

impale, v.tr. (*hastâ or palo*) *transfigere*.

impalpable, adj. *quod tangi non potest*.

impart, v.tr. 1. = to bestow on another a share or portion of something, *impertire alci alqa* or *alqm alqa re* (lit. and fig.); *communicare alqa cum alqa* (= to share with anyone, lit. and to make a communication to); *participem facere alqm* (= to allow anyone to participate in); = to pour into, diffuse, *infundere alqa in* (with accus., e.g.

evils in a state, *mala in civitatem*; 2, = to grant, confer (e.g. honour), *dare, tribuere, donare* *alii alia or alii alia re* (= to present with); *aferre* (= to procure).

impartial, adj. *medius* (= in the middle, of persons), *tangam medium nec in alterius favorem inclinatus* (= neutral, of persons only); = disinterested, *integer*; = not bribed, *incorruptus* (of persons and things, e.g. judge, witness, sentence); = equitable, *aequus* (of persons and things, e.g. prator, law); *aequabilitas* (of things); = free from partisanship, *studio et ira vacuus* (of persons in gen.); = free from spite and ill-will, *obtrectatione et malevolentia liberatus*; to be —, *neutrari partu facere*; *neque ira, neque gratia teneri*. Adv. *aequo animo, integrè* or *incorrupte, sine ira et studio*. **impartiality**, n. *animus ab omni partium studio alienus, animus studio et ira vacuus*; = equity, *aequitas, aequabilitas*.

impassable, adj. *invius, insuperabilis, impeditus*. **impassibility, impassibleness**, n. *torpor* (= torpor, stupor); = hardness of heart, *durus animus*; = slowness, apathy, *lentitudo, lentus animus*. **impassible**, adj. *quod nullo dolore affici potest*.

impassioned, adj. *concitatus, ferridus, ardens, vehemens*.

impatience, n. *impatientia morae, festinatio*; to expect anything with the greatest —, *acerbitate alio exspectare*. **impatient**, adj. 1, *impatiente morae* or *morarum, ardens, vehemens, acer*; to be — at a thing, *alio aegre or moleste ferre*; 2, = angry, *iracundus, iratus*. Adv. *ardenter, acriter, vehementer, iracunde*; see *EAGER*.

impeach, v.tr. *accusare*. **impeachable**, adj. *quem in jus vocare possumus*. **impeacher**, n. *accusator*, n. **impeachment**, n. *accusatio*; see *ACCUSE*.

impede, v.tr. *impedire*; see *HINDER*. **impediment**, n. 1, *impedimentum*; see *HINDRANCE*; 2, = stammer, *haesitatio linguae*; to have an —, *lingua haesitare, balbutire*. **impedimental**, adj. *quod impedimento est, quod impedit, quod obstet et impedit*; to be — to anyone or anything, *obesse alci et alci rei*; it was very — for a great hindrance to the Gauls in battle, that, etc., *Gallis magno ad pugnam erat impedimento, quod, etc.*; I will not be — to prevent his going, *nulla in me or per me est mora, in me non erit mora, non moror, quominus beatu*.

impel, v.tr. 1, lit. *impellere, urgere*; 2, fig. *impellere, incitare, concitare, stimulare*, (adhortari alio ad aliquid).

impend, v.intr. 1, lit. *impendere, imminere*; 2, = to be near, *instare in aliquo* or *alci impendere*.

impenetrable, adj. 1, *impenetrabilis* (Plin.); — against a thing, *alci rei*; = impervious, *impervius* (Tac., e.g. fire-proof, *ignibus impervius*), *impeditus*; see *IMPASSABLE*; 2, = thick, *caliginosus* (of darkness); 3, fig. *ambiguus* (= doubtful).

impenitence, impenitency, n. *obstinatio, animus obstinatus* or *affirmatus*. **impinent**, adj. *obstinatus, affirmatus*; to become —, *obdurescere*. Adv. *obstinato*.

imperative, adj. 1, = expressive of command, (e.g. — commands), by circumloc. with *imperare alci aliquid* or with *ut*, or by *necessarius*; 2, (in gram.) = the — mood of a verb), *imperativus modus* (gram.).

imperfect, adj. *imperfectus* (= not completed); = only in its beginning, *inchoatus*; = only superficial, drawn out in general sketches, *adumbratus* (e.g. an idea, *intellegentia, opinio*); = faulty, *vitirosus, mendosus*; = rough, *rudis*; =

defective, maimed, *mancus*; — tense, *tempus imperfectum* (gram.). Adv. *imperfecte, vitiōse, mendose*. **imperfection, imperfectedness**, n. *vitiūm, mendūm, culpa*, or by adj. (e.g. the — of our nature, *natura hominum imperfecta et mendosa*).

imperial, adj. *imperatorius, Caesareus* (Imperial Rome); often by the genit. *imperatoris* or *Caesaris* or *Augusti*; *principalis* or with the gen. *imperatoris* or *principis*; your — *Majesty, *majestas* or *magnitudo tua*. **imperious**, adj. *imperiosus*; = haughty, *superbus*; = disdainful, *insolens*; = arrogant, *arrogans*. Adv. *imperioso, superbe, insolenter, arroganter*.

imperil, v.tr. *in discrimen adducere*.

imperishable, adj. *immortalis*; see *ETERNAL, IMMORTAL*.

impermeable, adj. see *IMPENETRABLE*.

impersonal, adj. gram. t.t. *impersonalis*. **impersonate**, v.tr. *partes alios agere*.

impertinence, n. *insolentia*; see *ARROGANCE, RUDENESS*. **impertinent**, adj. 1, *insolens*; 2, = not to the point, *quod nihil ad rem est*. Adv. *insolenter*.

imperturbable, adj. *stabilis, constans, firmus, gravis, immobilis*. Adv. *constanter, firme, graviter, tranquille*.

impervious, adj. *imperius*; see *IMPENETRABLE*.

impetuous, adj. *violentus*, = violent (e.g. attack, *impetus*); = strong, intense, *vehemens* (e.g. wind, ventus, then of individuals), comb. *vehemens et violentus* (e.g. homo); = eager, *acer, servidus, fervens, intentus*. Adv. *magna impetu* (e.g. to attack the enemy, *hostem aggredi*); *violenter* (e.g. to demand, *poscere*); *vehementer* (= strongly, e.g. to insist upon it, *flagitate*); *aviter, ferventer*. **impetuosity**, n. *violentia* (lit. and fig.), *vis* (= strength), *incitatio* (= impulse); = intemperateness, *intemperies* (e.g. *cæli*; then = want of moderation); violence, *impetus, -ūs*, of persons and things (e.g. of the fever, *febris*). **impetus**, n. *impetus, -ūs*, vis.

impety, n. *impetus erga Deum*; = wicked, criminal deed, *nefus, scelus, ēris, res scelerata* or *nefaria*; he has committed many —s against God and man, *multa et in deos et in homines impie nefarieque commisit*. **impious**, adj. *impius* (*erga deum, erga patriam, erga parentes, etc.*); = wicked (the general disposition), *nefarius*; = wicked, heinous, *nefundus* (of a dead). Adv. *impie, nefarie, comb. impie nefarieque, nefandus*.

impinge, v.intr. to — against, *incidente in aliud, impingi alci rei* (so as to cause a violent shock), *offendere in aliquo re or ad aliquo*.

implacability, n. *odium implacabile or inexorabile*. **implacable**, adj. *implacabilis*; — against anyone, *alci or in alio*; = inexorable, *inexorabilis* (all of persons and things, e.g. hatred, anger), against anyone, *in or adversus alio*; = cruel, *atrox, saevus*; see *CRUEL*. Adv. *atrociter, saeve*.

implant, v.tr. 1, lit. = to set, *alio in alio re inserere, ponere*; 2, fig. *ingenerare, ingignēre* (at the time of one's birth, as it were); = to engraft, *inserere, anima instigere*.

implead, v.tr. *aliquo in jus vocare*; see *SUE, ACCUSER*.

implement, n. 1, = tools, *instrumentum, ferramentum*; 2, fig. minister; see *INSTRUMENT, TOOL*.

implicate, v.tr. *implicare* or *impedire* (lit. and fig.); — in a thing, *alio alio re illaqueare, admiscere* or *immisceere* (only the former in Cic.).

(fig.); intr. *in algā re*; to implicate in a war, *algn bello implicare*; to be — in a war, *bello implicatum* or *litigatum* or *occupatum esse*; with anyone, *bellum gerere cum algo*; to — oneself, *implicari algā re* (lit. and fig.); to — oneself in (i.e. to meddle), *se immiscere alcī rei* (fig.).

implicated, adj. by past. part. *implicatus*, etc., *alcī rei conscius, alcī rei affinis*. **implication**, n. *implicatio*; to say a thing by —, see HINT. **implicit**, adj. 1. = implied, *tacitus*; an — compact, *assensio, consensus, -ūs, conventio*; he has an — faith, *est homo credulus, est nimis fidelis ad credendum*; 2. = complete, *totus, omnis*; to have — faith in anyone, *alcī maximam fidem adhibere, totum se alcī committere*. Adv. *facile, prorsus*; see ALTOGETHER.

implore, v.tr. *algm* or *algd* *implorare* (urgently), *algd ab algo pētere* (= to endeavour to obtain by entreaties); *algm algd rogare* (= to request); *deprecari* (= to pray for, entreat earnestly), comb. *pētere ac deprecari, ne, etc.*; (*precibus*) *impetrare*, or *algd ab algo exposcere* (= to obtain by entreaties); = to induce by entreaties, *exorare*; = to beseech anyone on one's knees to help, to supplicate, beg humbly, *supplicare* or *supplicem esse alcī, se alcī supplicem ab(j)icere*; = to beseech by everything sacred, to pray earnestly, *algm obsecrare*; = to conjure, *algm ostendere*; to — anyone for, to pray urgently, *algd vocē supplici postulare; orare multis et supplicibus verbis, ut, etc.*; *algd ab algo exposcere*; to — anyone to help, *algm ad or in auxilium implorare, auxilium implorare ab algo*; to — God and man, *deūm atque hominum fidem implorare*.

imply, v.tr. *in se habere*; to be implied in, *alcī rei inesse, or subesse*.

impolite, adj. *inurbanus, rusticus, agrestis, inhumanus, illiteratus*. Adv. *inurbane, rustice, illepidè, inhumane, inhumaniter*. **impoliteness**, n. *rusticitas, inhumanitas*.

impolitic, adj. 1. in the state, *alienus* or *abhorrens a prudentia civili*; 2. fig. *imprudens*.

import. I. v.tr. 1. (that is, to bring goods into a country for sale) *invelere, importare*; 2. = signify, *declarare, significare, valere*. II. n. 1. *quod importatur*; 2. *significatio, sententia, vis*. **import-duty**, n. *portorum*. **importance**, n. 1. *auctoritas, discrimin, momentum, pondus, -ēris, vis*; to be of no —, *nullo esse numero*; 2. = of high position, *amplitudo, dignitas, auctoritas*. **important**, adj. *gravis*; to be —, *magni* (so *alcī, maximū, minimū, pluris*, etc.) *momenti esse*; *valere, vim habere*, *algo esse numero*; to deem anything more —, *antiquius algd habere*. **importation**, n. *invectio, importunate*, adj. *moles, importubus*; see TROUBLESOME. **importune**, v.tr. *molescum esse alcī, exposcere, (e)fлагitare*; see TROUBLE-SOME. **importunity**, n. = pressing solicitation, (*e)f)flagitatio.*

impose, v.tr. *algd alcī imponere, injungere*; — a punishment, *multam alcī irrogare*; — upon; see CHEAT. **imposing**, adj. *conspicuous* (= drawing the attention); = showy, *speciosus*; = majestic, *magnificus* (e.g. form, *forma*); = deceitful, *fallax*. **imposition**, n. *irrogatio* (e.g. *multae*, = the infliction of a penalty); also by circumloc. with *imponere* (e.g. to extract the poison by — of hands, *manu impositū venena extrahere*); *fraus* (= deceit, deception), *fallacia*. **impost**, n. *onera, -um, vectigal, tributum*. **impostor**, n. *fraudator*. **imposture**, n. *fraus, -dis, f., fallacia, praestigia* (= tricks).

impossibility, n. usu. *fieri non posse*, etc. (e.g. to prove the — of anything, *probare algd fieri non posse*). **impossible**, adj.

by *quod fieri* or *quod effici non potest*, and the adv. by *nullo pacto* or *plane non*; nothing is — to kindness, *nihil est quod benevolentia efficiere non possit*; I believe this to be —, *non puto hoc fieri posse*; it is — for me to, etc., *fieri non potest, ut, etc.*

impotence, n. *imbecillitas, infirmitas corporis, or animi*. **impotent**, adj. *invalidus, infirmus, imbecillus, impotens*.

impound, v.tr. 1. in gen. *pignus, -ōris, capere or auferre*; *algm pignore cogere* (of the consul who —ed a senator); 2. in *algo loco includere* (= to confine, e.g. cattle).

impoverish, v.tr. *algm in egestatem reducere*. **impoverishment**, n. *egestas, inopia, paupertas* = poverty.

impracticable, adj. 1. = impossible, *quod fieri non potest*; 2. = intractable, *contumax*; see IMPOSSIBLE, REFRACRY.

imprecate, v.tr. *algd alcī (im)precarī, ex(s)ecrari*; see CURSE, EXECRATE. **imprecation**, n. *dīrae, preces, -um, f., ex(s)ecratio*; see EXECRATION.

impregnable, adj. 1. = not to be stormed, e.g. an — fortress, *inexpugnabilis*; 2. fig. = not to be moved, *stabilis*.

impregnate, v.tr. 1. = to make pregnant, *algm gravidam or pregnantem facere*; 2. fig. = to render prolific, *fecundare, fertilem reddere*; 3. gen. = to communicate the virtues of one thing to another, *complēre algd algā re* (= to fill with); *addēre algd alcī ret* (= to add); (com-)miserare cum algā re, or simply *algā re* (= to mix); see FILL. **impregnation**, n. (applied to animals or plants), by verb.

impress, v.tr. 1. lit. *algd alcī rei imprimere*; 2. fig. *algd alcī invērē, inculcare, in animo insculpere or imprimere*. **impression**, n. 1. the act of taking an —, *impresso*; = the copy, *exemplum* (= copy in general), *imago expressa, vestigium* (= footprint); to take or make an —, *exprimitre algd algā re or in algā re, imprimere algd in algā re*; 2. the working or effect of any influence on the mind, *animi motus, -ūs, or by special word (e.g. visa, -orum, — of sight); visus ad actionem excitamus, we are excited to action by visible —s*; to make an — on anyone, *algm movere*. **impressive**, adj. *gravis, vehemens*. Adv. *graviter, vehementer*. **impressiveness**, n. *gravitas*.

imprint, v.tr. *in algā re imprime*; see IMPRESSION.

imprison, v.tr. *in custodiam dare, tradere, in(j)icere*; *custodiae or vinculis mandare, comprehendere* (= arrest). **imprisonment**, n. *custodia, carcer, -ēris, m., vincula, -orum*.

improbable, adj. *non verisimilis, non probabilitas*. Adv. *non verisimiliter*. **improbability**, n. use adj.

impropriety, n. *improprias*.
impromptu, adv. *ex tempore*.
improper, adj. *improprius* (Plin. Quint.) (e.g. *verba = unsuitable*); = unbecoming, indecent, *indecorūs*; = silly, *ineptus* (e.g. laughter, *risus*); = unworthy, *indignus* (of anyone, *algo*); = unsuitable, not suited, *alienus* (of things, place, and time, *ab algo or ab algā re and alcī or alcī rei, alcī rei, not Cie.*); = inelegant, awkward in one's manners, *inconvexus* (e.g. roughness of manners, want of polish, *asperitas i.*); absurd, *absuris*; it is — to, etc., *indecorum est* (with inf.); to be — for anyone, *dederēre or non dēcēre algm, indignum esse algo*. Adv. *indecor, peroram, inepte, indignē*. **impropriety**, n. *quod indecorum est*.

improvable, adj. *quod est ejusmodi ut corrigi*

possit. **improve**, I. v.tr. alqd melius facere; see CORRECT; excollere. II. v.intr. meliorare fieri, colligere (morally), convalescere (= to — in health), augeri (= to rise in price), proficere (= to make progress). **improvement**, n. correctio, emendatio, comb. correctio et emendatio; — of circumstances, amplificatio rei familiaris; morally and mentally, cultus, -us, educatio, disciplina (= mental and moral training); institutio (= instruction in any particular branch); humanitas (= general moral and mental and physical — of the whole man), comb. cultus (-us) atque humanitas; I perceive an — in my general health, meas vires auctas sentio.

imprudence, n. inconsiderantia, temeritas, imprudentia. **imprudent**, adj. improvidus (= not looking forward), incautus (= heedless, opp. prudens), comb. improvidus incautusque, improvidus et neglegens (neglig-); = inconsiderate, inconsideratus; = thoughtless, temerarius; = imprudent, imprudens (opp. paratus); = indifferent, negligent, neglegens (neglig-). Adv. improvide, incaute, temere, imprudenter, inconsiderate, neglegenter (neglig-).

imprudence, n. imprudentia, temeritas (= rashness); see IMPROVIDENCE. **imprudent**, adj. imprudens, temerarius, inconsultus; see IMPROVIDENCE. Adv. imprudenter, temere, inconsulte.

impudence, n. impudentia, os impudens (or durum or ferreum); confidentia (= boldness, in a bad sense). **impudent**, adj. impudens (= void of feeling of shame), procax (= saucy), confidens (= having assurance), improbus (= saucy). Adv. procaciter (not in Cie.), impudenter, confidenter.

impugn, v.tr. impugnare (e.g. to — anyone's honour, impugnare alcs honorem); oppugnare; negare (= to deny absolutely, opp. aio); improbare (= to prove to be void, e.g. a will, testamentum); repugnare (= to contend against, e.g. anyone's opinion, alcs opinio); = to contradict everything, contra omnia disserere.

impulse, n. 1, as a term of mechanical philosophy, impulsio, impulsus, -us (better by verbs, e.g. agere, pellere, etc.); see DRIVE, PROPEL, MOVE; 2, = motive, impulsus, -us, causa(s)a, or by circumloc. (e.g. ambition is the — of all his actions, quidquid agit, gloriae cupiditate impulsus agit); 3, = impression, impulsus, -us, impulsio; external —, pulsus (-us) externus; at anybody's —, algo auctore, alcs impulsu, alcs autoritate; from one's own —, sponte or sua sponte, also ipse (i.e. from one's own free will); not influenced by anybody else, per se; willingly, ultero; — from without, incitamentum, stimulus. **impulsive**, adj. by verb; see IMPEL.

impunity, n. with —, impunitus, inultus (= unrevealed, unpunished, scot-free), incastigatus (= unchastised), impune; to have done with —, by impune esse, non puniri; impune abire; to be able to do with —, alqd impune ferre or impune habere or impune facere.

impure, adj. impurus (fig. = immoral, unchaste, of persons and things, e.g. manners, morals, life, mores); obscenus (obscen- or obscaen-), (= unchaste); = stained, contaminatus (opp. integer), with anything, alq re (e.g. with blood, sanguine); = unchaste, incestus; = low, inquinatus (= spotted, e.g. a speech, a verse); foedus, spurcus, turpis, teter (= foul); — (desires, libidines). Adv. impure, obscene (obscen- or obscaen-), inquinatus, foedus, spurce, turpiter. **impurity**, n. impuritas, or incestum, incestus, -us, obscenitas (obscen- or obscaen-), libido, stuprum, foeditas, turpitudine.

imputable, adj. by cuius rei culpa alci

assignari potest, and by verbs; see below. **imputation**, n. 1, by verb; 2, = charge, crimen, culpa, accusatio. **impute**, v.tr. alqd alci assignare (in a good and bad sense); to — to anyone the fault of anything, culpam alcs rei alci assignare; culpam alcs rei conferre or transferre or derivare in alqm; culpae alqd alci dare, alqd alci adscribere, attribuere, affingere; see ATTRIBUERE.

in, prep. 1, of place, by old locative (e.g. — Rome, — Corinth, Romae, Corinthi, where — at), in with abl. (e.g. in Italiam), abl. (e.g. eo loco, hac regione, his terris), — a letter, epistula quādām, with verbs implying motion, in with accus. (to place — a ship, in navem imponere); — the assembly, pro contione (= before); — breadth, in latitudinem; 2, of time, in with abl., or inter or intra with accus. (of time within which), per with accus. (= throughout), de with abl. (= the course of), simply abl. (e.g. — the night, nocte or de nocte), by the noun in apposition (e.g. I did it — my boyhood, puer feci), to have a friend — so-and-so, alqm amicum habere; 3, of occasion, manner, etc., per (e.g. per iram, — anger); abl., hoc modo = in this way (so too in hunc modum, ad hunc modum); — respect of (e.g. — wisdom = sapientia); 4, other uses, — an author, apud with accus. (e.g. Cicero, apud Cicernem); — the hands of, penes alqm; — the beginning, ab initio (when the act continues); to be — our favour, a nobis stare, with gerund (e.g. — loving, amando); — living, etc., cum, with indic. (e.g. you do well — saying, bene facis cum dicis).

inability, n. imbecillitas, infirmitas (= bodily weakness), inopia (= want of means), or use non posse; see WEAKNESS.

inaccessibility, n. by **inaccessible**, adj. inaccessus; = impassable, surrounded, invitus; = difficult to pass, impeditus (e.g. forest); of persons difficult to be seen, rari aditūs. Adv. — situated, quo non aditus est.

inaccuracy, n. indiligentia, pravitas (when anything has been done totally wrong); = untruth, it must be circumscribed by falsus (e.g. to show the — of anything, alqd falsum esse probare); see FALSEHOOD. **inaccurate**, adj. indiligens. Adv. indiligenter; see INCORRECT.

inaction, inactivity, n. segnitia (segnitia), inertia, ignavia, comb. segnities et inertia or ignavia et inertia (= laziness); inclination to be idle, desidia (opp. industria, labor), comb. inertia atque desidia or desidia segnitiesque; = cessation (of labour from fear of work), cessatio; = leisure, otium, desidia; = rest, quiete, -etis. **inactive**, adj. ignavus, deses, segnis, iners, quietus. Adv. ignave, segniter, quiete.

inadequacy, n. by **inadequate**, adj. alienus ab alq re, non sufficiens; = not adapted, not answering the purpose (e.g. a witness, evidence given), non satis idoneus, impar. Adv. parum, hard satis.

inadmissibility, n. circumloc. by **inadmissible**, adj. quod admitti non potest.

inadvertence, n. negligentia (neglig-); = want of care, incuria; = laziness, socordia, **inadvertent**, adj. neglegens (neglig-), (opp. diligens); = lazy, socors, comb. socors neglegens que (neglig-). Adv. neglegenter (neglig-); = unintentionally, sine consilio.

inalienable, adj. quod abalienari non potest.

inane, adj. inanis.

inanimated, adj. inanimus, inanimatus.

inanition, inanity, n. inanitas (lit. and fig.), inane, vacuitas, vacuum; = hollowness (fig.), vanitas.

inapplicability, n. by **inapplicable**,

adj. with *non pertinere ad*, or *non cadere in* (with acc.); *non valere*.

inapposite, adj. *quod non aptum est*.

inappreciable, adj. *quod sentiri non potest*, or by *minimus*.

inapprehensive, adj. *neglegens (neglig.)*.

inappropriate, adj. *non idoneus*.

inaptitude, n. 1, *inutilitas* (= uselessness); 2, see INABILITY.

inarticulate, adj. *non satis distinctus*. Adv. *parum distincte*.

inartificial, adj. *simplex* (e.g. food, speech, language).

inattention, n. *animus non attentus*, *neglectus (neglig.)*, *incuria*, *indiligentia*. **inattentive**, adj. *non attentus*.

inaudible, adj. *quod audiri non potest*.

inaugural, adj. *aditialis* (ante and post class.); to deliver an — discourse, *oratione munus auspicari*. **inaugurate**, v.tr. 1, *inaugurare*, *auspicare*, *dedicare* (in respect of the worship of the gods, e.g. statues, images, altars, temples, etc.); 2, *consecrare* (anything, e.g. an animal, a field, etc.); to initiate, *initiure* (= to admit to a knowledge of the sacred rites); 2, = to begin, *coepisse*; see BEGIN. **inauguration**, n. *dedicatio*, *consecratio*.

inauspicious, adj. in gen. *infelix*, † *inauspicius*, *laevus*, † *sinister*, *nefastus*; an — day, *dies ater*. Adv. *infeliciter*, *molis omnibus*, *inauspicio*.

incalculable, adj. *majus* (e.g. *numerus*, etc.) *quam qui calculari possit*.

incandescent, adj. *candens*.

incantation, n. *carmen*.

incapability, n. *inscita*, but better use *non posse* (e.g. — for action, *qui agere non potest*).

incapable, adj. *indocilis* (= *indocile*, — of instruction); = *dull*, *hebes*; = *unfit*, *incompetent*, *inutilis* or *inhabilis* ad *algd*; = *too dull* for, *hebes ad algd*. **incapacitate**, v.tr. *inutilem reddere*. **incapacity**, n. see INCAPABILITY.

incarcerate, v.tr. (in carcerem or in custodia) *in dicere*, *includere*. **incarceration**, n. *custodia*, *vincula*, *-orum*, n.

incarnate, adj. eccl. t.t. **incarnatus* (Eccl.), *specie humanae* or *corpore indutus*. **incarnation**, n. **incarnatio*.

incautious, adj. *imprudens*, *incautus*, *inconsultus*, *inconsideratus*, *temerarius*. Adv. *imprudenter*, *incaute*, *inconsulte*, *inconsiderate*, *temere*.

incendiaryism, n. *incendium* (e.g. he was tried for —, *de incendiis postulatus est*). **incendiary**, n. *incendiarius* (Tac.), *incendi auctor* (referring to one case only).

incense, I. n. *tus*, *turis*; of —, † *tureus*; carrying —, † *turifer*. II. v.tr. *tus accendere*, *accendere*, *incendere* (lit. and fig.); see EXASPERATE.

incentive, I. adj. *quod instigat*; see INCITE. II. n. *instigatio*, *irritatio*, *incitatio*, *concitatio*, *impulsus*, *-us*, *instinctus*, *-us*, *stimulus*; = means of inciting, *irritamentum*, *invitamentum* (chiefly in the pl.), *illecebra*, *lenocinium* (= allurement); see IMPULSE.

inception, n. *initium*; see COMMENCEMENT. **inceptive**, adj. *incipiens*.

incessant, adj. *perpetuus*, *assiduus*, *continuus*; see CONTINUOUS. Adv. *perpetuo*, *assidue*, *continuo*.

incest, n. *incestus*, *-us*, *incestum*. **incestuous**, adj. *incestus*.

inch, n. 1, = a lineal measure, *digitus*, *uncia* (Plin.); 2, fig. = a small quantity or degree; not to yield, depart an — from, *ab algd re non transversum digitum* or *non digitum discedere*; to an —, almost, *tantum non*, *non multum* (not *parum*) *absuit quin*, etc.; not an — better, *nihil melius*; not an — different, *plane idem*; by —es, *paul(ot)atim*, *sensim*.

inchoate, adj. *inchoatus*.

incident, I. adj. *quod ad algd pertinet*, or *in algd re consistit*, or *algd re continetur*, *proprius*, with gen. or dat. II. n. *casus*, *-us*, *eventus*, *-us*, *res*; see CIRCUMSTANCE. **incidental**, adj. *fortuitus*, *forte oblatus*. Adv. *forte*, *fortuito*; I chanced to mention —, in mentionem (*atqjs rei*) *incidi*.

incipiency, n. *initium*; see BEGINNING. **incipient**, adj. *initium faciens*.

incision, n. *incisura* (Plin.) (= the act of making an —, and also the — made, e.g. in the hand, the insects, leaves); the — made by the wheel, furrow, or ship, *sulcus*. **incisive**, adj. *mordens*, *mordax*, *asper*. **incisor**, n. (= fore-teeth), *dentes qui digerunt cibum*, *dentes qui secant*.

incite, v.tr. *instigare* (= to instigate, set on); = to excite, animate, *incitare*, *excitare*, *concitare*, *comovetra*, *permovere*; = to irritate, *irritare*; = to stimulate, *stimulare*; = to rouse, kindle, *inflammare*, *incendere*, *accendere*; = to urge, impellere (all *algm* or *algjs animum ad algd*); *stimulos alci admoveare* or *addere* (= to prick), *calcaria alci adhibere* or *admoveare* (= to give the spur), *alqm exacutare* (= to sharpen), *ignem alci sub(j)acere* (= to kindle a fire underneath, i.e. to rouse one's desires, esp. envy). **incitement**, n. *impulsus*, *-us*; see IMPULSE.

incivility, n. *inurbanitas*, *rusticitas*, *inhabitans*.

inclemency, n. 1, *inhumanitas*, *severitas*, *crudelitas*, *saevitia*; 2, of the weather, † *asperitas* (e.g. *hiemis*), or *gravis* with n. (e.g. *temporas gravis*); — of winter, *hiemis difficultas*. **inclement**, adj. 1, *inclemens* (LIV.), *inhumanus*, *severus*, *crudelis*, *saevus*; 2, *gravis*, *asper*; see also COLD, STORMY, SEVERITY.

inclination, n. 1, lit. *inclinatio*; 2, in geom. and mech. (= leaning of two bodies, lines, planes, towards each other, so as to make an angle) *fastigium* (= slope); = declivity, *proclivitas*, *declivitas* (both considered from the top), *acclivitas* (considered from the bottom, = bending upwards); 3, = leaning of the mind, — to a subject, *inclinatio animi*; for anything, *ad algd voluntas*; = a propensity, *proclivitas ad algd voluntas*; = a favourable — for anything or anybody, *studium alci rei or algjs*; a favourable — towards a person, *propensio in algm voluntas*, *propensum in algm studiū*; = love, *amor*, towards anybody, *in erga algm*; = from a wish, *studio*, *propenso animo* (e.g. to do anything, *algd facere*); from free —, *ex animo*; to have an — for anything, *ad algd inclinatum*, *proclivem*, *pronum esse*, *alci rei studere*, *algjs rei esse studiosum*, *algjs rei studio teneri*; to be guided by one's own —, *studii suis obsequi*. **incline**, I. v.intr. 1, to slope, *proclivem* or *declivem esse*; to be rising, *acclivem esse* (in looking upwards); neither to — one way nor the other, *in nullā parte habere proclinationes* (e.g. of walls, etc.); 2, = to lean (in a moral sense), to have a tendency (of times, circumstances, etc.), *inclinari*, (se) *inclinare*; to — towards anything, (se) *inclinare ad* or *in algd* (of persons and things), *inclinatio voluntatis propendere in algm* (= to feel oneself from — drawn towards anybody); to — more towards

peace, *inclinatiōrem esse ad pacem*. **II.** v.tr. *inclinare, submittēre, demittēre* (e.g. *caput*). **inclined**, adj. for anybody or for anything, *inclinatus ad aliquid*; = easy to persuade, *propensus ad or in aliquid* (e.g. to pardon, enjoyment); — to fall into anything, *proclivis ad aliquid, pronus in aliquid or ad aliquid*; I am more — to think, *eo magis adducor ut putem*; = merciful, *propitius* (especially of the gods, seldom of man); = benevolent, *benevolus* (of man).

inclose, v.tr. *saepe (sep-) ; see ENCLOSE.*

include, v.tr. = to comprehend, *comprehendere, complecti, continēre, annumerare, ad(d)scribēre alci rei or in or ad*; to — among the accused, *in reos referre*; without including you, *te excepto*; to be included in anything, *comprehendi, continēti aliquid re*; to be included in that number, *in eo numero esse or haberi*. **inclusive, included**, adj. that matter —, *additū et re*; often simply by cum or in; there were 300 soldiers, the prisoners —, *milites erant trecenti cum capti-vis (or capti-vis annumeratis)*. Adv. that one —, *eo comprehenso*; — all those, *omnibus comprehensis or additis*.

incogitable, adj. to be —, *ne cogitari quidem posse*.

incognito, adv. *incognitus, ignoratus, alieno or dissimilato nomine*.

incoherence, incoherency, n. by circumloc. with **incoherent**, adj. *interruptus* (= interrupted), *dissipatus* (= scattered, torn, e.g. a speech), *sibi non constans*. Adv. *interrupte, hanc constanter or congrueret*; to speak —, *hanc cohärentiā dicere*.

incombustible, n. by **incombustible**, adj. *qui ignibus non absumentur*.

income, n. *rectigil, -alis*, n. (including public and private —, as taxes, tithes, rent, *reditus, -is* (in the sing. — the returns), *fructus, -is* (= the produce), *pecunia*, also *reditus pecuniae* (= a pecuniary return); public —, *fructus publici*, (if in mere money) *pecuniae rectigales*; — from lands, *praediorum fructus, fructus quem praedia reddunt*; — from gain, *queestus, -is*; to make an —, *queestum facere*; he has an — to live upon, *habet unde vivat*.

incommode, v.tr. *inconveniendum alci afferre*. **incommodious**, adj. *inconmodus*; = troublesome, *molestus*; *see INCONVENIENT*.

incomparable, adj. *incomparabilis* (Plin.); = unequalled, *sine exemplo maximus* (e.g. *Homerus*); *divinus* (of persons and things, e.g. a legion, *legio*; a voice, *vox*; works, *opera*); *singularis* (= unique, of persons and things, e.g. daughter, *filia*; *virtus*); *eximus, egregius, praestans* (= uncommon, distinguished in particular respects, of things); Cicero, this man who, as regards his dictation, can be equalled to none, *Cicerō, caelestis hic in dicendo vir*. Adv. *sine exemplo, divine, extime, egregie, praestanter*.

incompatibility, n. *repugnantia, diversitas*; — of temper, rudeness, *importunitas*; *see RUDENESS*. **incompatible**, adj. of anything that cannot subsist with something else, *alienus ab aliquid re, alci rei contraria, adversarius, ad-versus, infensus* (= hostile), (*ab aliquid re*) *diversus*; to be — with anything, *abhorrere ab aliquid re; pugnare inter se* (= to contradict each other, of things), *repugnare alci rei* (of two things that cannot be reconciled together).

incompetence, incompetency, n. *insufficiā*; *see INABILITY*. **incompetent**, adj. 1, legally, to be — for anything, *faciendo aliquid jus or potestatem non habere, iure aliquid facere non posse*; 2, in gen., *inscitus, inhabilis, nescius, inutilis*; *see FOOLISH, INCAPABLE*. Adv. *inscute*.

incomplete, adj. *imperfectus*. Adv. *imperfecte*. **incompleteness**, n. *quod imperfectum est*; *see IMPERFECT*.

incompliance, n. *recusatio*; with anything, *alejs rei*.

incomprehensibility, n. by **incomprehensible**, adj. *quod comprehendī or intelligī non possit* (i.e. *intelligi* non possit).

incompressible, adj. *quod comprimi, condensari non potest* (e.g. water).

inconceivable, adj. *quod (mente or cogitatione) comprehendī non potest, quod intelligī non potest, quod in intellegendionā non cadit, quod cogitare non possumus, quod cogitari non potest*; = inexplicable, immense, *inexplicabilis* (e.g. kindness, *facilitas*); = incredible, *incredibilis*. Adv. *incredibiliter, mirum in medium*.

inconclusive, adj. (*argumentum*) *quo nihil efficitur*.

incongruity, n. *repugnantia*; *see ABSURDITY, CONTRADICTION*. **incongruous**, adj. *alienus ab alio or ab aliquid re, incongruens* (Plin. Min.), *inconveniens*. Adv. *non apte*.

inconsequence, n. *see ABSURDITY*. **inconsequent**, adj. *see INCOHERENT*.

inconsiderable, adj. 1, *inconsideratus* (= without weight, unimportant); *mediocris* (= mediocre, common, e.g. a man, a family); then = not very great, light, etc.); *minutus* (= trifling); *exiguus* (= small in comparison with others, e.g. troops, *copiae*; fortune, property, *res familiariis*); = small in gen., *parrus* (opp. *magnus*, e.g. sum of money, *pecunia*; troop of soldiers, *manus*); not —, *non nullus*. **inconsiderate**, adj. 1, *inconsideratus* (= without thinking); *inconsulsus* (= rash); = incautious, *incautus*; = imprudent, *imprudens, comb. imprudens, incautus*; = imprudent, *imprudens*; 2, = not regardful of others, *aliquam non observans or respiciens, alci non consu-nans*. Adv. *inconsiderate, incaute, imprudenter; nullius ratione habita* (= without regard to persons).

inconsistency, n. *discrepancia, inconstan-tia, mutabilitas*; *see CONTRADICTION*. **inconsistent**, adj. *ab aliquid re alienus, inconsutans, alci rei contraria, ab aliquid re or alci rei absonus, alci rei repugnans, ab or cum aliquid re or alci rei discrepans*. Adv. *inconstanter*.

inconsolable, adj. + *inconsolabilis*, (dolor or luctus, —) *qui nullo solatio levari potest*.

inconspicuous, adj. *quod via sentiri or sensibus percipi potest*. Adv. *sensim*.

inconstancy, n. *inconstantia* (of persons and things, physical and moral, e.g. of the wind, *venti*); = changeableness, *varietas* (e.g. of the army); = infidelity of a person, *infidelitas*; = levity, *levitas*; in one's resolutions, *mutabilitas* (mentis), comb. *inconstantia mutabilitas* (que mentis); = movability, variableness, *mobilitas* (also of anything personified, e.g. of fortune, *fortunae*). **inconstant**, adj. *inconstans* (= not remaining always the same, physical, e.g. the wind, and in a moral sense, of persons and things); = changing, *varius*; = unfaithful, *infidelis* (of persons); = vacillating, wavering, *infirmus* (of persons and things, opp. *firmus*); = volatile, *levis* (of persons); = changeable, fickle in one's resolutions, *mutabilis* (of persons), comb. *varius et mutabilis*; = fickle, one who goes easily from one thing to another, *mobilis* (of persons and things, e.g. character, mind, disposition, *ingenitum, animus*; will, resolution, *voluntas*); = uncertain, not to be relied upon, *Axius* (of things, e.g. faith, *fides*; fortune, *fortuna*); *see CHANGEABLE*.

incontestable, adj. *quod refutari non potest*.

incontinence, n. *incontinentia* (= want of power to rule one's passions); *intemperance* (= intemperance). **incontinent**, adj. *incontinentis*, *intemperans*. Adv. *incontinenter*; = immediate, *statim*.

incontrovertible, adj. *quod refutari non potest*.

inconvenience, **inconveniency**, n. *incommoditas* (e.g. of anything, *rei*; of time, *temporis*); *incommodum* (= an — to anyone); = a disadvantage, *molestia*; to cause — to anyone, *aci incommodare* or *molestem esse*, *aci incommodum afferre*, *aci negotium exhibere*, *fasciare*. **inconvenient**, adj. *inopportunitus*, *intempestivus* (= in undue season), *incommodus* (= not quite convenient). Adv. *intempestive*, *incommodo*.

inconvertible, adj. *immutabilis*; see **IMMUTABLE**.

incorporate, v.tr. see **UNITE**, 1; **ESTABLISH**, 2.

incorrect, adj. *non justus* (= not according to order, opp. *justus*), *pravus* (= perverse, contrary to reason, improper, opp. *rectus*); *vitiōsus*, *mendosus* (= full of mistakes, opp. *rectus*); = false, not true, *falsus* (opp. *verus*); the account is —, *ratio non convenit* or *non constat*; a very — work, with many mistakes, *in quo multa vitia insunt*; in which many statements are —, *in quo multa perperam dicta sunt*. Adv. *perperam* (= wrong, contrary to the real nature of anything, opp. *recte*; e.g. to pronounce, *pronuntiare*); = with many mistakes, *vitiōse*, *mendose* (opp. *recte*, e.g. to infer, argue, *concludere*); = falsely, untruly, *falso* (opp. *vere* or *vero*); = not as it should be, *secus* (e.g. to judge, *judicare*). **incorrectness**, n. by adj. **INCORRECT**. **incorrigibility**, n. *pravitas*. **incorrigible**, adj. *qui corrigi non potest*; = saucy, *impudicus*.

incorrupt, adj. 1, *incorruptus*; 2, fig. *integer*, *incorruptus*, *purus*, *sancus*, *castus*, *innocens*. Adv. *incorrupte*, *sante*, *integre*, *caste*, *pure*, *sante*. **incorruptibility**, n. I. lit. *quod corrumpi et putrescere non potest*; 2, fig. *integritas*, *sanctitas*, *castimonia*, *castitas*, *innocentia*.

increase, I. v.intr. 1, = to grow, (*ac*cre-*cerē*, *succrescere*, *glicere*, *incrementum* *cāpere*, *augeri*, *augescere*, *se corroborare* or *corroborari*, *ingravescere* (in bad sense), *increbescere* (= to become more frequent), *invalescere* (= to get the upper hand), *proficere* (= to advance); the evil increases, *malum ingravescit* or *corroboratur*. II. v.tr. = to augment, *amplificare* (= to make wider), *dilatare* (= to spread out), *extendere*, *propagare* or *proferre aliquid* (= to extend the limits, e.g. *imperium* or *fines imperii*), *augēre*, *amplificare*, *multiplicare* (= to multiply). III. n. = augmentation, *amplificatio* (e.g. *gloriae rei familiaris*), *propagatio* or *prolatio*, *accretio*, *accessio*, *argumentum*, *actus*, *ūs*, *incrementum*.

incredible, adj. *incredibilis*; it is — (*au-**dītu*, *dictu*, *memoratu*) *incredibile est*. Adv. *incredibiliter*, *incredibilem in modum*. **incredulous**, adj. *qui non facile credet potest ut credat*, *incredulus*. **incredulity**, n. by circumloc. (e.g. *se incredulum praebut*, = he showed his —).

increment, n. *incrementum*; see **INCREASE**.

incriminate, v.tr. *algm suspectum reddere*, — oneself, *se scelere alligare*,

incerust, v.tr. *crustare*. **incerustation**, n. *cerusta*.

incubate, v. intr. *incubare* (Plin.); see **HATCH**. **incubus**, n. *incubo*,

inculcate, v.tr. *algm algd docēre*; to — that, etc., *alci inculcare ut*, etc.; *imprimēre* (= to impress, imprint a mark upon) or *insculpēre* (= to engrave) *algd in algā re* (the two latter verbs both lit. and fig.); to have been —d on the heart, *in animo insculptum esse* or *in animo insculptum habere*.

incumbency, n. 1, = a relying on something, *officium* (in gen.), *munus*, *-eris* (as the duty of an office); 2, = state of holding an ecclesiastical benefit, **possessio benefici*. **incumbent**, I. adj. = lying on (as duty or obligation), anything is — upon me, *debeo algd facere*, or *algd mihi faciendum est*, or est with genit. (e.g. it is — upon the duty of the pupil, *est discipuli*; it is — upon me, you, etc., *meum, tuum est*). II. n. = a clergyman, **beneficiarius*.

incur, v.tr. 1, lit. = to run against, hence to become subject to, *incurrere in algm* or *alci rei*, *incidere in algd*; 2, fig. *colligere* (e.g. hatred, *invidiam*, by anything, *algā re*), or *alci in odium venire*, in *alcjs odium incurrire*; *alcjs odium sibi contrahere*; to — disgrace, *dedecus in se admittere*.

incurability, n. by **incurable**, adj. *in-sanabilis*, *†immedicabilis*; = hopeless, *desperatus* (e.g. a patient given up by the medical attendant). Adv. use adj. (e.g. he was — ill, *morbis erat insanabilis*).

indebted, adj. 1, = being in debt, *obaeratus*; to be — to, *alci pecuniam debēre* or *pecuniam acceptum referre*; 2, = obliged by something received; to be — to anyone, *alci obnoxium esse*, *alcjs beneficis obligatum esse*; to be greatly — to anybody, *alci multum or multa beneficia debēre*, *algd alci acceptum referre*.

indecency, n. *turpitudo* (= — in anyone's language or behaviour), *obscenitas* (*obscen*, *obscen*); see **OBSCENITY**. **indecent**, adj. *in-decorūs* (= unbecoming, opp. *decorūs*, e.g. laughter, *rīsus*); *obscenus* (= obscene), *inhonestus* (= dishonourable); *turpis*; *parum verecundus* (= offensive to modesty and delicacy, not feeling ashamed, e.g. words, *verba*); an — expression, *quod turpe dictu videatur* (e.g. to make use of, *dicere*). Adv. *indecore*, *turpiter*, *obscene*.

indeciduous, adj. (*folia*, etc.) *quaes non cadunt, or non decidua sunt*.

indecision, n. *dubitatio*, *inconstantia*, *haesitatio*. **indecisive**, adj. *dubius*, *aneceps*. Adv. by adj.; see **INDEFINITE**.

indeclinable, adj. use *verbū quod casibus immutari non potest*, *quod declinari non potest*, *indeclinabilis* (gram.); — nouns, *aptota*, pl. (gram.).

indecorous, adj. *indecōrus*; see **INDECENT**.

indecorum, n. *deformitas* (= ugliness); = an evil, a mistake, *vitium*; by the adj. *turpis* or *indecōrus*, also by *dedecet* (e.g. that is an —, *hoc turpe est* or *dedecet*); see **INDECENCY**.

indeed, adv. = in reality, *quidem* or *enim* (enclit.), *adeo*, *profecto*, *eximvero*, *vere* (= truly); *vere*, *re vera*, *re* (= in reality, indeed, opp. *nomine*, i.e. nominally, merely in appearance), I —, *equidem*; —? *itaue vero?* (in an ironical sense), *ain't u?* you don't say so? If used in an emphatic sense, e.g. this is true, it is indeed, = *sane* (referring to particular expressions), *vero?* both also = yes, certainly (i.e. *sane quidem* and *ita sane*); *quidem*, *enim* (to note concession); *credo* (= I think so; with reserve); *atq[ue]* (= yes; if however, etc.); *nempe*, *nimirum*, *scilicet*, *videlicet* (all = a concession in a familiar kind of way; *nempe* = surely); *nimirum* = no doubt; *scilicet*, *videlicet* = of course; all four also used in an ironical sense; e.g. very difficult —; *sane difficultis*, I could —.

wish, *Servius, Ego vero, Servi, vellim*; I should — serve my fellow-citizens very badly, *Male, credo, mererer de meis civibus*; and —, *et sane*; surely —, *immo vero*; —, but nevertheless, *etsi* — *tamen*; or by *ille quidem*, *is quidem*... *sed tamen*; — not, *neque* (at the beginning of a sentence, with *sed* following); then —, *tum vero*.

indefatigable, adj. *assiduus* (= constantly active), *impiger* (= unwearyed); *indefessus*, *comb. assiduus et indefessus*. Adv. *assidue*, *impigne*.

indefatigability, n. *assiduitas*, *assiduitas et diligentia*, *impigitus*.

indefeasible, adj. *in perpetuum ratus*.

indefectible, **indefective**, adj. *vitio carens*.

indefensible, adj. *quod defendi non potest* (in gen.); of a military position, (*locus*) *qui teneri non potest*.

indefinable, adj. *quod definiri non potest*; an — sense of danger, *nescio quid periculi*. **indefinite**, adj. *incertus* (= uncertain, e.g. answer, *responsum*) ; = doubtful, *dubius*, *anxeps* ; = ambiguous, *ambiguus* (e.g. oracle, *oraculum*, = of doubtful meaning); for an — period, *in incertum*; the — pronoun, *pronomen infinitum* or *indefinitum* (gram.). Adv. *ambigue*, *incerte* or *incerto* (both ante class.), *dubie*.

ineliminability, n. by circumloc. with adj. **ineliminable**, adj. *in delibilis*, *quod deleri non potest*; *quod elui non potest* (= what cannot be wiped off); *inexplicabilis*, *implacabilis* (e.g. hatred, *fig.*); *sempernarus*, *perpetvus* (fig., e.g. hatred).

indelicate, adj. *parum verecundus*, *inurbanus*, *inhonestus* (= ungentlemanly), *impudicus* (= indecent). Adv. *parum verecunde*, *inurbane*, *impudice*. **indelicacy**, n. by adj.

indemnification, n. *damni restituatio*; in the connexion of a sentence, *compensatio*, or circumloc. by *damnum* (*com*pensare or (*re*)sarcire or *restituere*). **indemnify**, v.tr. *damnum alci restituere*, (*re*sarcire, *pensare*; to — by anything for a thing, *alqd alqā re compensare*). **indemnity**, n. see *INDEMNIFICATION*; act of —, *lex oblixiōnis*; see *AMNESTY*.

indent, v.tr. *alqd incidere*. **indenture**, n. *pactum*.

independence, n. *libertas* (opp. *servitus*), *arbitrium liberum* (i.e. liberty of using one's own judgment); = exemption from burdens, *immunitas*. **independent**, adj. *liber*, *solutus* (often = free in bad sense); *sui juris* (of one who is his own master, of age); *sui potens* (= who does as he thinks proper); *liber et solutus*, *solutus et liber* (= free and unbound, tied by nobody); = exempt from burdens, *immunitus*, *legibus solutus*; to be —, *sui juris* or *sueae potestatis* or *in suā potestate esse*; to obey nobody, *nemini parere*; to live as one thinks proper; — from others, *ad suum arbitrium vivere*. Adv. *libere*, *solute*, *comb. libere et solute*, *suo arbitrio* (= at one's own will).

indescribable, adj. *inenarrabilis* (= what cannot be estimated properly, e.g. trouble, labour); *incredibilis* (= incredible, e.g. joy, *laetitia*); *mirus* (= wonderful); *singularis* (e.g. faithfulness, *fides*), or by *nescio quid* (= what is so extraordinary that we can hardly comprehend it, e.g. that wonderful thing, *illud nescio quid praecellarum*). Adv. *inenarrabiliter*, *incredibiliter*, *singulariter*, *mirum in modum*.

indestructible, adj. *quod dirui* or *everti non potest*, or *perennis*, *perpetuus* (= lasting).

indefinite, adj. *incertus*; see *INDEFINITE*. **indefiniteness**, n. by circumloc. with *INDEFINITE*. **indefinable**, adj. *dubius* (= doubtful), *incertus* (= uncertain); I am —

what to do, *dubius* or *incertus sum quid faciam*; I am — whether to stay or to go, *incertum mihi est quid agam, abeam an maneam*; I am — whether, etc., *incertus sum utrum*, etc. Adv. *dubitante*; see *INDEFINITE*.

index, n. 1, in gen. — that which points out, *index*, *-icis*, m. and f. (in a good or bad sense); 2, — the hand that points to the hour of the day, use *gnomon*, or *horarum index*; 3, — table of the contents of a book, *index* or *epitome*.

indexerity, n. *insectia*.

Indian, adj. *Indianus*, *Indicus*.

indicate, v.tr. *indicare*, *indicatio* or *indicium esse*; in reference to future things, *significare*, *praenuntiare*, *portendere*; = to announce, *nuntiare*, *nuntium alcjs rei afferre*; = to declare anything that is to be kept a secret, *enuntiare*; = to denounce, *inform*, *deferrere*; = to declare, state what is to be done, *denuntiare* (e.g. war); = to prove, *arguere*; see *DECLARE*.

indication, n. *indicium*, *index*, *argumentum*, *vestigium*, *documentum*, *significatio*, *signum*.

indicative, adj. 1, *indicans*; see *DECLARE*; 2, — mood, *modus indicativus* (gram.). **indicatory**, adj. *significans*; see *DECLARE*.

indict, v.tr. = to accuse, *accusare*, *postulare*, *nomen alcjs deferre*; see *ACCUSE*, *ACTION*.

indictment, n. bill of —, *libellus*, *accusatio* (inasmuch as the speaker appears before the public with it). **indictable**, adj. *accusabilis*, *quod lege animadvertisendum est*. **indicter**, n. accuser.

indifference, n. 1, lit. *levitas*, *vilitas* (= slightness of a matter); 2, = carelessness about anything, taking no notice of it, *neglectio* (*negligē*) *alcjs* or *alcjs rei*; *neglectio alcjs rei*, *contemptus alcjs rei*, *despicientia alcjs rei*, *incuria*; 3, = calmness, *aequus animus*, *aequitas animi*; = coldness, *lentitudo*; = hardness of heart, *animus durus*, *animus alienatus ab alio* (= coldness towards a friend); 4, = impartiality, *aequabilitas*, *aequitas*; see *IMPARTIALITY*. **indifferent**, adj. 1, in the proper sense, *idem valens*, *ejusdem pretii* (= of the same value); = neither good nor bad, *neque bonus ne malus*; *indifferens* (attempted by Cicero as a translation of the Greek *ἀδιάφορος*); = keeping the middle course, neither to blame nor to praise, *medius*, *qui (quae, quod) neque laudari per se neque superari potest*; = trifling, insignificant, *levis*, *vitis*; = too sure of anything, *securus*; = careless about anything, *remissus*, *dissolutus*; (e.g. whoever, in seeing these things, could be so — as to remain silent? *quis tam dissoluto animo est, qui haec quum videat tacere possit?*); = slow, sluggish, *lentus*; = hard-hearted, *durus*; it is — to me whether, etc., *nihil med interist* or *refert*; I have become — against any fresh grief, affliction, *obduruit animus ad dolorem novum*; to remain — to anything, to bear, put up with, *aequo animo ferre* or *pati alqd, lente* (= easily) *ferre alqd*; see *IMPARTIAL*; 2, neither good nor the worst, *tolerabilis*; = middling, *mediocris*, *modicus*; = pretty fair, *satis bonus* or *sat bonus* (e.g. *accusator*). Adv. = without distinction, *promiscue*, *promiscam* (ante class.); = carelessly, *dissoluto* or *remisso animo*, *neglectivo* (*negligē*); = coolly, *lente*; = hard-hearted, *duriter*; = impartially, *aequo animo*, *aequabiliter*; = middlingly, *mediocriter*, *modice*.

indigence, n. *inopia*; = want, *egestas*, *menicitas*; = poverty, *inopia*; to be reduced to extreme —, *ad extremum inopiae venire*; to be reduced to complete poverty, to become a pauper, *in mendicitatem detrudi*. **indigent**, adj. *inops*, *egens*, *mendicus*; see *NEEDY*.

indigenous, adj. 1, applied to persons, *indigena* (opp. *alienigena*, *advena*, *peregrinus*), or circumloc. by *in eō or illā terrā natus* (the — inhabitants (= natives), *indigenae*; 2, applied to animals, vegetables, etc., *indigēna*, *vernacula*; see NATIVE.

indigested, adj. 1, = not concocted in the stomach, *crudus*; 2, = not regularly disposed and arranged; see UNARRANGED; 3, = not reduced to due form, *immaturus*. **Indigestible**, adj. *dificilis* concoctus or *ad concoquendū*, *gravis*. **indigestion**, n. *cruditas* (e.g. of the stomach).

indignant, adj. *indignabundus* (= full of indignation); = half-angry, *subiratus*; = angry, *iratus*, *iracondus*; = with a hostile feeling, *iniquus*; to be — against anyone, *alci stomachachi* or *iratum esse*. Adv. *irate*, *iracondie*. **indignation**, n. *indignatio* (in gen.), *indignitas* (= indignity, then dissatisfaction we feel), at anything, *alci rei*; = displeasure, sensitiveness, *stomachus*; = anger, *ira*, *iracondia*, *bitis*; rather in —, *subiratus*; in —, *animo iniquo* or *irato*, *indignabundus*, *iratus*. **indignity**, n. *ignoritia*, *indignitas*, *contumelias*; see INSULT.

indirect, adj. 1, lit. not straight, *non rectus*, *devisor*; 2, — fig., can only be rendered by circumloc.; there are direct and — causes, *causas(x)arum aliae sunt adjuvantes, aliae proximae*; if — means through a third party, it is rendered by *per* (e.g. *per senatum*); 3, Gram. t.t. *obliquus* (e.g. *oratio obliqua*). Adv. *obscure*, *tecte*, *clam*, *occulte*, or by *per* with acc. as above, *circumtione quidam*.

indiscernible, adj. *quod cerni non potest*.

discoverable, adj. *quod inventi non potest*.

indiscreet, adj. see INCONSIDERATE, IMPROVIDENT, IMMODEST. **indiscretion**, n. see IMPROVIDENCE, IMMODESTY.

indiscriminate, adj. *promiscuus*. Adv. *omni discrimine subtulato*, *promiscue*.

indispensable, adj. *necessarius*; it is —, *necesse est* (with acc. and inf. or with subjunc.). Adv. *necessario*.

indispose, v.tr. by circumloc. *aliquid ad aliquid inutile reddere*, *aliquid ab aliquo re evocare*. **indisposed**, adj. 1, to be —, *leviter aegrotare*; to become —, see SICKLY; 2, = unwilling, *aversus ab aliquo* or *ab aliquo re* (= feeling averse), *alienatus*, *alienus* (= hostile to a cause); not to be — to believe a thing, *inclinato ad credendum esse animo*; not to feel — to do a thing, *hanc dispicit* (with inf.). **indisposition**, n. 1, *commotio* *anula*; 2, *animus aversus*, *invitus*, *alienus*; see AVERSION, DISINCLINATION.

indisputable, adj. *certus*, *perspicuus*, *manifestus*, *clarus*; see CERTAIN. Adv. *sine (ullis) controversia* (= without the least controversy); = undoubtedly, *certo*, *sine dubio*; = without fail, *hanc dubie certe*; = by far, *longe*, with adj. (e.g. Demosthenes was — the finest orator, *oratorum longe princeps Demosthenes*).

indissoluble, adj. *indissolubilis* (lit. e.g. knot, nodus); *inexplicabilis* (lit. what cannot be unfolded, untwisted, e.g. chain, *vinculum*; hence fig. = unexplainable); = everlasting, *aeternus*.

indistinct, adj. *parum clarus* (both for the eye and the ear); *obscurus* (e.g. speech, *oratio*); = perplexed, *perplexus* (= difficult to make out, e.g. an answer, a reply, *responsum*); all — *Voice*, *vox obtusa* (= weak, Quint.). Adv. *minus* *clare*, *obscure*, *perplex*, *confuse*; see DOUBTFUL, DOUBTFULLY. **indistinguishable**, adj. *quod discerni non potest*.

indite, v.tr. *scribere*.

individual, I. adj. *proprius*, *singularis*,

singuli; to remain true to one's — character, *territum proprium sequi*. Adv. *viritim*, *in singulis*, *sic(v)illatim*. II. n. an —, *homo*. **individuality**, n. *natura alicj propria*.

indivisibility, n. by adj. **indivisible**, adj. *individuus*, *quod dividī non potest*; small bodies, *corpuscula individua*.

indocile, adj. *indocilis*. **indocility**, n. *ingenium indocile*.

indoctrinate, v.tr. *erudire in aliquid re*.

indolence, n. *ignavia*, *inertia*, *desidia*, *segnita* (*segnites*), *pigritia* (*pigrities*). **indolent**, adj. *ignavus*, *iners*, *deses*, *segnis* (in posit. rare in classical Lat.), *piger*. Adv. *ignave*, *segniter*; see IDLE.

indomitable, adj. *quod vinci non potest*, *invictus*, *indomitus*.

in-door, adj. *umbratilis*. **in-doors**, adv. *domi*.

indorse, v.tr. 1, *syngrapham inscribere*; 2, fig. see SANCTION, ALLOW.

indubitable, adj. *non dubius*; = certain, certus. Adv. see CERTAIN.

induce, v.tr. anybody to a thing, *aliquid in or aliquid inducere* (= to lead into, e.g. an error, *in errorem*; to a war, *ad bellum*); = to urge anyone to a thing, *aliquid impellere ad* or *in aliquid* (e.g. to a war, *ad bellum*); = to allure anyone to a thing, *aliquid illicere* or *pellere in* or *ad aliquid* (e.g. *in fraudem*); = to try to — a person to do a thing, *aliquid sollicitare ad aliquid faciendum* or *sollicitare ut*, etc. **inducement**, n. *caus(a)*, *impulsus*, *-as*, *incitamentum*, *illecebria*, *praemium*. **inducer**, n. *cautor*. **induct**, v.tr. *inaugurare*. **induction**, n. in logic, *inductio* (Quint.); logical t.t. *ratio per inductionem facta.

indulgence, n. *indulgentia*, *clementia*, *benevolentia*, *venia* (= the overlooking of faults); in the middle ages, **indulgentia* (= remission of sins). **indulge**, I. v.tr. *alci* or *alci rei indulgentia*, *alci* or *alci rei veniam dare*, *aliquid indulgentia tractare*, *aliquid alci concedere* or *condonare*; = gratify, *volupsum(ibus) se dedere*, *(in)servire*. II. v.intr. *nimiris sibi indulgere*. **indulgent**, adj. *indulgens* (= showing kindness or favour, opp. of *severus*), *clemens* (= merciful, opp. of *severus*, *crudelis*), *benignus* (= kindness of heart, opp. of *malignus*), *facilis*. Adv. *indulgenter*, *clementer*, *benigne*.

industry, n. *industria*, *(g)navitas* (rare, opp. *ignavia*), *labor*, *opera*, *assiduitas*, *sedulitas*.

industrious, adj. *industrius*, *(g)navus*, *acer*, *sedulus*, *assiduus*, *strenuus*, *diligens*. Adv. *industria*, *(g)navitas*, *acerita*, *assidue*, *strenue*, *diligenter*.

indweller, n. *incola*, m. and f.; see INHABITANT. **indwelling**, adj. = remaining within (e.g. sin), *qui intus est*, *insitus*; = natural, innate, *innatus*, *naturā insitus*.

inebriate, v.tr. *ebrium facere*, *temulentum facere*. **inebriated**, adj. *ebrius*, *temulentus*.

inebriation, n. *ebrietatis*; see DRUNKENNESS.

inedited, adj. *ineditus*.

ineffability, n. by **ineffable**, adj. by *quod verbis exprimi non potest*, *inauditus*; = too horrible to utter, *infandus* (e.g. deed, grief); = incredible, *incredibilis* (e.g. pleasure, desire, longing); = unheard of, *inauditus* (e.g. greatness, size, cruelty). Adv. *supra quam enarrari potest* (= indescribable); *incredibiliter* (= incredibly).

ineffective, **inefficient**, adj. *invalidus* (lit. not strong, weak), (e.g. medicine, opp. *fortis*, *valens*); = unfit, unwholesome, *inutilis*; to remain, to be —, *effectu carere* (e.g. plans, etc.).

Adv. *frustra, nequicquam (nequidq.). ineffectiveness, inefficiency*, n. use adj.

inelegance, inelegancy, n. circumloc. by *sine elegantiā*; *inconciinitas* (e.g. of the ideas, sententiarum); see ELEGANCE. **inelegant**, adj. *invenustus* (= ungraceful), *inelegans* (= without taste), *inconciinus* (= slovenly, improper), *illepidus* (= without grace), *inurbanus, agrestis, inhumanus, rusticus* (= boorish), *inornatus* (= without ornament); *incomptus* (lit. uncombed, e.g. head, hair; then fig., unpolished, e.g. speech, style). **Adv.** *ineleganter, illepidè, inurbanè, rustice.*

ineligible, adj. *qui per leges non eligendus est*; *unsuitable, inopportunitus*; see UNFIT, UNSUITABLE.

inept, adj. *ineptus*; see ABSURD.

inequality, n. *inaequalitas, dissimilitudo* (= unlikeness, e.g. of character, *morum*). **inequitable**, adj. *iniquus* (of pers. and things, opp. *aequus*, e.g. judge, law, condition); *injustus* (= unjust, of pers. and things, opp. *justus*, *meritus, debitus*, e.g. interest of money); *improbus* (= dishonest); *immeritus* (= undeserved; especially with a negation before it, e.g. praise not undeserved, *laudes haud immeritae*). **Adv.** *inique, injuste.*

inert, adj. *iners, immobilitis, tardus*; see IDLE, INDOLENT. **Adv.** *tarde*. **inertness**, n. *inertia*; see INDOLENCE.

inestimable, adj. *inaestimabilis* (lit. = what cannot be estimated, *Liv.*); *unicus* (= alone of its kind), *mirus, mirificus, incredibilis* (= wonderful); *eximus, praestans, excellens, singularis* (= excellent). **Adv.** *eximie, excellenter, unice, praestanter, mire, mirifice, incredibiliter.*

inevitable, adj. *quod vitari o fugari non potest, inevitabilis, necessarius*. **Adv.** *necessario.*

inexact, adj. *haud exquisitus or accuratus* (of things), *indiligens* (of persons). **inexactness**, n. *indiligentia*; — of expression, *verba non accurata.*

inexcusable, adj. *quod excusari non potest, quod nihil excusationis habet*. **Adv.** *use adj.*

inexhaustible, adj. *quod exhaustiri non potest, infinitus.*

inxorability, inexorableness, n. circumloc. by **inexorable**, adj. *inxorabilis*; = with unflinching severity, *severissimus, durus*. **Adv.** *use adj.*

inexpedient, n. *inutilitas*, or by adj. **inexpedient**, adj. *inutilis, inopportunitus.*

inexperience, n. *imperitia* (= want of knowledge and experience); *inscitia, inscientia, insolentia* (= ignorance in gen.), *alçis rei*. **inexperienced**, adj. *imperitus*, in anything, *alçis rei*; = ignorant, *ignarus (alçis rei)*; = only beginner, *rudit in alçy re*; to be — in anything, *alçy nescire, in alçy re non versatum esse, in alçy re peregrinum, or hospitem, or comb. peregrinum atque hospitem esse*. **inexpert**, adj. = INEXPERIENCED.

inexpiable, adj. *inexpiabilis.*

inexplicable, adj. *inexplicabilis*. **Adv.** *use adj.*

inexpressible, adj. *inauditus, inenarrabilis*; see INEFFABLE.

inexpugnable, adj. *inexpugnabilis.*

inextinguishable, adj. *qui (ex)stinctus (e.g. ignis, fames, nomen), quod reprimi or ex(s)tungui non potest.*

inextricable, adj. *inexplicabilis, + inextricabilis*. **Adv.** *use adj.*

infallibility, n. (e.g. of a remedy) *certum*

remedium. infallible, adj. 1. = certain, *certus, non dubius; exploratus*; 2. = one who is incapable of erring, *qui errare non potest. Adv. certo*; to be —, *omni errore carere.*

infamous, adj. *infamis, turpis, flagitiosus, sceleratus, foedus*. **Adv.** *turpiter, flagitiose, scelerate, foede*. **infamy**, n. *infamia, turpitudo, dedecus, oris, ignominia.*

infant, n. *infans, filiolus, filiola*. **infancy**, n. *infantia* (*Plin., Tac.*), or by *infans* (e.g. in his —, *cum esset infans*). **Infanta**, n. *filia regis Hispaniae*. **infanticide**, n. *infantium caedes*. **infantine**, adj. *puerilis.*

infantry, n. *pedites, -um*; or collectively, *pedes*, also *peditatus, -us.*

infatuate, v.tr. *infatuare* (= to lead, entice to an absurdity); *occacere* (= to make blind, to blind); *pellucere* (= to inveigle, wheedle, e.g. a girl). **infatuated**, adj. *amenis, demens*. **infatuation**, n. *amentia, dementia, furor.*

infect, v.tr. = to infuse into a healthy body the virus of a diseased body, *facere ut aliquid transcat in alios* (i.e. lit. to pass over into others of diseases); = to communicate bad qualities to anyone; e.g. others became likewise —ed, *contagio morbi etiam in alios vulgata est*; fig. to — a person through one's bad qualities, *alqm ritis suis inficere*; to become —ed by errors, *infici* or *imbuli vittis, imbuli erroribus*. **infection**, n. *contagio* (lit. and fig. in pl.), *+ contagium, contactus, -is*; see CONTAGION. **infectious, infective**, adj. in good Lat. *circ. by contagio morbi*; — disease, *pestilentia.*

infecundity, n. *sterilitas* (opp. *fertilitas*).

infelicitous, adj. *infelix*; see UNHAPPY.

infelicity, n. *malum*; see UNHAPPINESS.

infer, v.tr. *concludere, colligere*. **inference**, n. 1. = the art of inferring, *argumentatio, conjectura*; 2. = conclusion drawn, *conclusio* (of a syllogism), *conjectura* (on general grounds); *quod colligi potest* (from, etc., *ex*, etc.); see CONCLUSION.

inferior, I. adj. *inferior, deterior, minor*. II. n. (e.g. anyone's —), *inferior*; ii qui inferiores sunt.

infernal, adj. *infernus* (lit.); the — regions, *infernum, + Orcus*; = frightful, *terribilis* (fig.); = diabolical, *nefundus* (fig.).

infertile, adj. *sterilis*; see BARREN. **infertility**, n. *sterilitas.*

infest, v.tr. *infestum reddire*; to — (the high seas) by piracy, *mare infestare latrociniis; vexare*. **infested**, adj. *infestus.*

infidelity, n. (in a Christian sense), *impieties*; = unfaithfulness, *infidelitas; perfidia* (= treachery); = to commit a breach of faith, *fides moovere or violare or frangere*; = to show —, *perfide agere.*

infinite, adj. *infinity* (= without limits), *immensus*; — mood, *verbum infinitum, modus infinitus* (gram.). **Adv.** *infinite, ad or in infinitum, ad or in immensum*; see ENDLESS. **infinitesimal**, adj. *minimus, quam minimus*. **infinity, infinitude**, n. *infinity* (= infinite extent), *infinity tempus* (= endless time); *magna copia* (= great quantity).

infirm, adj. *infirmus, imbecillus, invalidus, debilis*; see WEAK. **infirmary**, n. *noscitorum (ρωτοκοπεῖον) rafedudinum* (Jel.). **infirmity**, n. 1. *infirmitas, imbecillitas, debilitas*; 2. = a complaint, *vitiūm*; = a bodily complaint, *vitiūm corporis, morbus*; the —, the defects of the state, *reipublicae vitiā.*

inflame, v.tr. 1. = to set on fire in a lit. sense, *accendere, incendere, inflammare*; 2. = to

excite or increase (e.g. passions), *incitare*, *inflammare*, *accendere*, *incendiare*; see **INCITE**; **3**, = to heat, as to — with wine, to exasperate (e.g. the enmity of parties), *inflammare*; to be inflamed, to grow hot, angry, and painful, *inflammarī*, *ardēre*, *flagrare*. **inflammable**, adj. *facilis ad exardescendum*, *quod celeriter accendiatur*, **inflammation**, n. *inflammatio* (Plin.). **inflammatory**, adj. **1**, *inflammans*; **2**, fig. *seditiosus*, *turbulentus* (of speech).

inflate, v.tr. **1**, = to swell or distend by injecting air, *inflare*, *sufflare*: to become inflated, *inflari*; **2**, = to distend by blowing in, *spiritu distendere* (e.g. a bladder); **3**, = to become inflated, *se inflare* or *sufflare* (e.g. of the frog); = to puff up (e.g. to — anyone), *inflare alejs animum ad superviam*. **inflated**, adj. **1**, *inflatus*, *sufflatus*; **2**, of speech, *tumidus*, *turgidus*, *inflatus*. **inflation**, n. *inflatio*; *fastus*, *-ūs*, = idle vanity, conceit, *superbia inanis*.

inflect, v.tr. **1**, = to bend, (*in*)*flectere*; see **BEND**; **2**, in the gramm. sense *declinare*. **inflection**, n. *flexus*, *-ūs*, = in the gramm. sense, *declinatio*. **inflexibility**, n. (of the temper), *obstinatio*, *pertinacia*, *pervercacia*, *perseverantia*. **inflexible**, adj. *rigidus* (lit. = stiff with cold, then fig. = rigid, inexorable), *obstinatus*, *pertinax*, *pervercax*. Adv. *obstinate*, *pertinaciter*, *pervercacter*, *perseveranter*.

inflict, v.tr. *alej alqd afferre*, *inferre* (esp. evil); *alqm alqd re afficiere* (= to affect anyone, make an impression with anything); to — ignominy, disgrace, *alej turpitudinem inferrere* or *infingere*, *ignominia* *alqm afficiere* or *notare*; *alej ignominiam injungere*; to — wrong, *injuriam alej facere*, *inferre*, *injungere*, *impone*; — punishment upon, *poenam de alqo capere* or *sumere*, *alqm poenā afficiere*, *alqm punire*; see **PUNISH**. **infliction**, n. = an evil, *malum*, *incommodeum*.

inflorescence, n. *flos*.

influence, I. n. *vis*; *effectus*, *-ūs* (i.e. *vis efficiendi*, e.g. of the moon), *pondus*, *-ēris*, *uctoritas*, *momentum* (= weight), *potentia* (= power), *gratia* (= personal or political —), *ampliudo* (= greatness acquired through the office which a person holds); *dignitas* (= personal — through one's high social position); = — of a whole party, or of one person, through power and wealth, *opes*, *-um*, *r.*; = power of body by coming in contact with another, *tactus*, *-ūs* (e.g. of the sun, *solis*; of the moon, *lunae*); = — of the stars and the moon, *vis stellarum ac lunae*; divine —, *afflatus*, *-ūs*, *instinctus* or *divinus*; to exercise an — upon anything, *valere*, *conducere*, *rim habere ad alqd* (= to contribute to, etc.); = to extend to, *pertinere ad alqd*; to have —, weight with a person, *multum auctoritate valere* or *posse*, *apud alqm multum gratia valere*; to have no —, to be of no avail, *nihil posse*, *nihil valere*, *sine auctoritate esse*; to have a beneficial — upon anyone, *prodesse alej (rei)*; an injurious —, *nocere alej (rei)*. II. v.tr. *alqm mouere*, *permovere*, *alej persuadere*; see above, to have —. **influential**, adj. (*alej rei*) *potens* (of animate and inanimate objects); = strong, through means, resources, favour, *validus* or *potens opibus*, *gratiū* (of persons); an — person, *qui multum valeat*; *gravis* (= weighty), *amplus* (= in position), *magna auctoritate*. **influx**, n. by *influere* (e.g. *influentes in Italiā Gallorum copias reprimere*, = to check the — of the Gauls into Italy).

inform, v.tr. **1**, (lit. = to give form or shape to), (*ef*)*tingere*, *facere*, *efficere*, *conformare*, *informare*; hence, = to animate, *animare*; **2**, = to acquaint anyone with a fact, *alej alqd nuntiare* (= to announce in writing, or by a

messenger); = to announce through a messenger, *alqd alej per nuntium declarare*; = to communicate a fact (as a certainty), *certiorem facere alqm alejs rei* or *de alqd re*; *alqm alqd de alqd re docere*; *alqd ad alqm deferre, praeferre*; — by a hint, *alej alqd significare*; **3**, = against, accuse, name *alej de alqd re*, or *alej alejs rei deferre*. **informal**, adj. *inusitatus*, *irritus*, *insolitus*; of an election, by *vittum* (e.g. *consul vittio creatus*). Adv. *vittio*, *hanc more*. **informality**, n. **1**, *vittum* (in an election, etc.); **2**, = without formality, *amicie*. **informant**, n. *actor alejs rei*. **information**, n. **1**, = intelligence, *nuntius*; written —, *litterae*; = the authority (for the truth of anything), *auctoritas*; = a doubtful —, rumour, *fama*; = indication of anything, *significatio alejs rei*; to receive —, *nuntium accipere*, *certiorem fieri*, about anything, *alejs rei de alqd re*; to learn, hear —, *alqd accipere*, *audire*, *comperire*; **2**, = knowledge, *scientia*, *doctrina*; see **KNOWLEDGE**; **3**, = accusation, *delatio*, *indictum*. **informer**, n. *delator*, *index*, *-icis*, m. f.

infraction, n. = non-observance, by *violatus* (e.g. of a treaty, *violatum* or *ruptum foedus*). **infrangible**, adj. *quod frangi non potest*.

infrequency, n. *raritas*; see **RARE**, **RARITY**. **infrequent**, adj. *rarus*.

infringe, v.tr. = to break (e.g. contracts), *frangere*, *violare*. **infringement**, n. *immunitio*, *diminutio* (= lessening, e.g. *gloriae*); *violatio alejs rei* (e.g. of the international law, *juris gentium*; of a treaty, *foederis*); — of the law, *pecuniam, delictum*. **infringer**, n. *qui alqd non (ob)servat, qui alqd violat, alejs rei violator*.

infuriate, I. adj. *rabidus*; see **FURIOS**. II. v.tr. *exasperare*; see **ENRAGE**.

infuse, v.tr. **1**, = to pour in (e.g. a liquid), *infundere*; **2**, see **INSTIL**. **infusion**, n. **1**, = the act of pouring in, *infusio*; **2**, = the thing itself in which a thing is steeped, *dilutum*, *decocutum* (Plin.).

ingathering, n. = collecting fruits, *perceptio frugum* or *fructuum*.

ingenerate, v.tr. *generare*, *gignere*, *parere*.

ingenious, adj. = subtle, *subtilis*; = one who shows taste and refinement, *luculentus*, *solutus*, *callidus* (= dexterous or clever), *artificiosus* (= highly finished both by nature and art); = of great talent, *ingenio praestans*, *ingenio summo*, *elati ingenit*; = acute, ready, *argutus* (e.g. an idea, *sententia*). Adv. *subtiliter*, *luculent(r)*, *solut(r)er*, *callide*, *artificiose*, *argute*; see **CLEVER**, **DEXTEROUS**, **ACUTE**. **ingenuity**, n. = quickness of invention (of persons), *(ingenit) acumen* or *acies*; = clearness of mind, *perspicacitas*, *prudentia*; = subtlety, *subtilitas*; = sagaciousness, *sagacitas*; = clearness in arguing, *acumen* or *subtilitas disserendi*; *ars* (= cleverness), *solut(r)er* (= dexterity), *machinatio* (= contrivance). **ingenuous**, adj. **an** — mind, *liber* (= without reserve); = open, straightforward, *ingenuous*; an —, candid letter, *epistula liberior*; *apertus* (= open), *simplex* (= simple). Adv. *libere*, *ingenue*, *experte*, *simpliciter*; to speak —, *libere dicere*.

ingenuousness, n. = openness of heart, *libertas* (also of speech); — in conversation, *sermo liberior*; with —, *libere*, *ingenue*; *ingenuitas* (= the character of a gentleman).

ingestion, n. *indēre alqd alej rei* or *in alqd, ingenerare in alqd*.

ingle-nook, n. *domus (intima)*; in the —, *domi*.

inglorious, adj. *inglorius* (e.g. life); = ugly, *turpis* (morally; e.g. deed). Adv. *sine gloria*; = dishonourably, *turpiter*.

ingot, n. — of gold, later, -eris, m., *aureus*; — of silver, later *argentus*.

ingraft, v.tr. = to insert a scion of one tree or plant into another for propagation, *inserere*; *ingrafted*, *insitus*.

ingrained, adj. *insitus*; = produced by habit, *inverteratus*.

ingrate, I. adj. = ungrateful; *ingratius* (= both —, and what does not pay), = unmindful of kindness received, *beneficii*, *beneficiorum immemor*. II. n. *homo ingratus*. **ingratiate**, v.tr. = to commend oneself to another's goodwill (of persons), *alij favorem or benevolentiam sibi conciliare* or *colligere*, *gratiam invire ab alio*, *ad* or *apud alijm*; *alijc benevolentiam captare* (= to seek favour), *alijc gratiam auxcipari*, *alijc favorem quaerere*; to try to — oneself with the people, *aurem popularem captare*, *alijc gratiam sequi*; to have ingratiated himself with anybody, *gratiosum esse alijc* *apud alijm*; very much, *gratid florere* or *multum gratia valere apud alijm*; to have ingratiated oneself very much with everybody, *apud omnes in summā gratia esse*. **ingratitudo**, n. *animus ingratus*, *beneficiorum immemor*.

ingredient, n. *pars*; = member, limb, component part, *membrum* (e.g. *hujus otiosae dignitatis haec fundamento sunt*, *haec membra*); —s, *elementa alijc rel*; that of which anything is an —, *res ex quibus confatur et efficitur alijc*; or by n. pl. (e.g. the following —s, *haec*).

ingress, n. *ingressus*, -ūs.

ingulf, v.tr. 1, = to swallow up in a vast deep, (*de*)*vorare*, *haurire*; 2, = to cast into a gulf, *alijc in alij detinere*, *de(i)cire*, (*alijc re*) *obrūre* (e.g. *fluctibus*).

inhabit, v.tr. *habitare alijc locum*, (*in*) *alijc loco*; = to be resident anywhere, (*in*)*colere alijc locum*; = to occupy, *tenere alijc locum* (e.g. places, countries); densely inhabited, *frequens* (*tectis*; opp. *desertus*). **inhabitable**, adj. *habitabilis*. **inhabitant**, n. *incōla*, m. and f. (= resident in a town, country); *sestor* (in the same sense, in *Nepos*); *habitor* (= one who has his residence in a country, etc.); = tenant, *inquilinus* (opp. landlord, *dominus*); = citizen, *civis* (opp. *peregrinus*, a foreigner); = colonist, *colōnus*; *homo*, esp. in the pl. *homines* (= mankind); — of a town, *oppīli incōla*, *oppītanus*; — of a village, *incōla vici*, *vicanus*, *paganus*; — of an island, *insulanus* (*Cic.*); — of a province, *provincialis*.

inhale, v.tr. *spiritu (spirando) dūcere*, *spiritu haurire*.

inharmonious, adj. 1, *discors*, *absonus*, *dissonus*; 2, = on bad terms, *dissentaneus*, *discrepans*. Adv. *haut consonanter*, *haut congrenter*.

inherent, adj. *insitus*, *innatus*, *proprius*; to be —, in *alijc re inesse*. Adv. *naturā*, *in* or *per se* (e.g. the thing is — evil, *quod in se malum est*).

inherit, v.tr. and intr. *heredem esse* (= to be heir), to anyone, *alijc* (not *alijc*), *hereditatem accipere ab alio*, *hereditatem consequi*; I have inherited, *hereditas venit ad me*, *hereditas mihi obvenit*; to have inherited a thing, *alijc hereditate possidere* (= to possess a thing by virtue of a will); = to succeed, come to property, *hereditatem adire*, *cernere* (the legal declaration of acceptance, *creatio*); to — everything, *heredem ex asse esse*; to — one-half, *heredem ex dimidiatā parte*; to — one-sixth, *heredem in sextante esse*. **inheritance**, n. *hereditas* (= right of —, and the — itself); I come to the property by —, *hereditas mihi venit*, *obtingit*, *obvenit*, *hereditas ad me venit* or *per-*

venit.

inherited, adj. *patrius*, *paternus*, *avitus*.

inhibit, v.tr. *interdicere*; see **FORBID**. **inhibition**, n. *interdictum*; see **PROHIBITION**.

inhospitable, adj. † *inhospitalis*, † *inhospitus*. **inhospitality**, n. *inhospitalitas* or by *inhospitalis*; see **CHURLISH**.

inhuman, adj. *inhumanus* (=unfeeling, e.g. character, *ingenium*; cruelty, *crudelitas*; man, *homo*); = monstrous, *immanis* (of things and persons); = unfeeling, *ferus* (of persons), comb. *ferus et immanis*, *crudelis*, *saevus*, *atrox*, *durus*, *ferreus*. Adv. *inhumane*, *crudeliter*, *saev*, *atrociter*, *dure*, *duriter*. **inhumanity**, n. *inhumanitas*, *immanitas*, *feritas*, *crudelitas*, *saevitas*, *atrocitas*.

inimical, adj. *inimicus*; see **HOSTILE**.

inimitability, n. by **inimitable**, adj. non *imitabilis*, *inimitabilis* (*Quint.*), or by *quod nulla ars (or nemo) consequi potest imitando*. Adv. by adj.

iniquitous, adj. = unfair, *injustus*, *iniquus*. Adv. *injuste*, *inique*. **iniquity**, n. *injustitia*, *iniquitas*; see **WICKED**.

initial, I. adj. by *initio positus*, or *primus*. II. n. = the first letter of a name, *prima lit(era)*. **initiate**, v.tr. 1, in religious sense, *initiare*; 2, = to begin, *coepisse*; see **BEGIN**. **initiation**, n. 1, by *initiare*; 2, *initiationis*. **initiative**, adj. 1, by verb **INITIATE**; 2, *quod initio factum est*, *primus*.

inject, v.tr. (*siphonis ope*) *infundēre*. **injudicious**, adj. *nullius consilii* (=without judgment); *imprudens* (=without caution), *stultus* (=silly); *inconsulthus* (= without considering); = inconsiderate, *inconsideratus* (e.g. desires); = rash, *temerarius* (e.g. expression, vox). Adv. *inconsulthe*, *inconsiderate* or *parum considerate*, *temere*. **injudiciousness**, n. *imprudentia*, *stultitia*, or by adj.

junction, n. *interdictum*.

injure, v.tr. *laedere*, *sauciare*, *vulnerare*, comb. *laedēre et vulnerare*, *lacerare* (=to tear to pieces), fig. *alijc noīcē* (e.g. *optimum virūm verborū contumelias*), *violare* (=to treat with violence); the storm —s the ship, *tempestas affictat navem*. **injury**, n. 1, as *act*, *vulneratio*, *sauciatio*; without — to duty, *salvo officio*; 2, = harm, *detrimentum*, *incommōdum*, *dannum* (=loss), *malum* (=evil), *vulnus*, *ēris* (=wound), *noīcio* (=trespass); to do anyone an —, *injurian alijc facere*; to forgive an —, *injuriam condonare*. **injurer**, n. *qui injuriam facit*. **injurious**, adj. *noxius*, *injurious*, *damnosus*, *gravis* (of air), *malus*, *adversus*, + *contrarius*, *iniquus*; — words, *contumeliae* or *verba contumeliosa*. Adv. *injurioso*, *damnoīse*, *graviter*, *male*, *contumeliose*.

injustice, n. *injustitiae* (of unjust proceedings); an — done, *injuria factum*; to commit an —, *injuriā facere*, *injuste facere*.

ink, n. *atramentum*; an —horn, —stand, —pot, * *atramentarium*. **inky**, adj. *atramento foedatus*.

inkling, n. *susurrus*; see **WHISPER**, **HINT**.

inland, adj. *mediterraneus*.

inlay, v.tr. *inserere*, *variare*, *distingue*; see **ADORN**.

inlet, n. 1, *aditus*, -ūs; 2, of the sea, *aestuarium*.

inly, adv. *penitus*.

inmate, n. = lodger, *deversor*, *inquilinus*; of a country, *incōla*, m. and f.; see **INHABITANT**.

inmost, **innermost**, adj. *intimus*; the — part, *intima pars*; *intima*, -ōrum; *viscera*, -ūm,

pl. (= entrails, bowels, fig. = the noblest parts, e.g. of the heart, the state, etc.); a thing is impressed in my — heart, *alqd haeret mihi in visceribus*; also by *intimus* or *penitus* (e.g. he proceeded to the — parts of Macedonia to conceal himself, *se abdidit in intimam Macedoniam, penitus se abdidit in Macedoniam*), or, if speaking of forests, by *densissimus* (e.g. to retreat into the — parts of the forests, *se in densissimas silvas abdidit*).

inn, n. *deversori(ol)um, hospitium, caupona* (= a tavern). **innkeeper**, n. *caupo*.

innate, adj. *innatus, ingeneratus, insitus, comb. insitus et innatus; proprius*; = natural, *naturalis, nativus* (opp. *assumptus, adventiclus*, i.e. artificially acquired); = inherited, *congeneratus; avitus* (e.g. an evil, *malum*); the old and — pride of the Claudian family, *vetus atque insita Claudiæ familiæ superbia*; — ideas, notions (*in animo insitae*).

inner, adj. = interior, *interior* (opp. *exterior*); — what is going on in the interior of the country, etc., *intestinus* (opp. *externus*, foreign); — what is going on at home, in one's own country, *domesticus* (opp. *foris*, abroad), comb. *intestinus ac domesticus*; the — man, *animus*; the interior affairs, *res domesticæ* (= home affairs); = intellectual (e.g. qualities, *bona animi, virtutes animi*); = natural feeling, *natura*. Adv. *intus*; within, *interius* (opp. *exteriorius*).

innocence, n. *innocentia*; = purity, incorruptness, *integritas*, comb. *integritas atque innocentia*; = simplicity, sincerity, *simplicitas*; to prove one's —, *se purgare alici*; = modesty, *pudicitia*; = chastity, *castitas*, comb. *integritas pudicitiae*; — of the heart, *castus animus purusque*. **innocent**, I. adj. 1. — without crime, *innocens* (= doing no harm), + *immaculatus, + immiterius*; — free from guilt, guiltless, *insonus, culpâ vacuus or carents*; = pure, free from all sin, not to be seduced, *integer, sanctus*; to be — of a thing, *insontem esse alqjs rei* (e.g. of a public decree, *constituti publici*); 2. = chaste, *integer* (= who leads a moral life); = discreet, *pudicus*; = chaste, who does nothing unchaste, *castus et integer*. Adv. *integre, pudice, caste*, comb. *pure et caste, caste integreque*; = without bad intention, *imprudenter, per inscitiam*. II. n. = idiot, *(homo) stultissimus*. **innocuous**, adj. = harmless, *innocuus* (= not able to do harm), to anyone, *alici*; = doing no harm, *innocuus, to anyone, alici*; = innocent, *innocens* (all three of persons and things); to be —, non or *nihil nocere*.

innovate, v. tr. *novare, mutare* (— to change); see INNOVATION hereafter. **innovation**, n. 1. = renewing, *renovatio*; 2. = the thing itself, *res nova*; to be fond of making —s (in the state), *rerum novarum cupidum esse, rerum communitarum or evertendarum cupidum esse*; fondness of making —s in the state of government, *rerum novarum studium*. **innovator**, n. = fond of innovations, *novitatis cupidus* (in gen.).

innumerable, adj. *innumerabilis, + innumerus*; = endless, *infinitus*, comb. *infinitus prope et innumerabilis*; an indefinite number, *sescenti*.

inobservance, n. *neglectitia (negligi)*; see INADVERTENCY, DISOBEDIENCE. **inobservant**, adj. *neglegens (negligi)*.

inoculate, v. tr. 1. in gardening, *inocularare* (Col.); 2. med. t.t. * *variolas inserere* has been suggested.

inodorous, adj. *odore carens*.

inoffensive, adj. *quod nihil habet offensionis*; = simple, *simplex*. Adv. *simpliciter*. **inoffen-**

siveness, n. by adj. INOFFENSIVE; see INNOCENT.

inopportune, adj. *inopportunus*; see INCONVENIENT. Adv. *hanc opportune*.

inordinate, adj. *immoderatus, immodus*, Adv. *praeter modum, immoderate, immode*, *nimirum, nimirum, incredibiliter, singulariter, mirifice, mire*.

inorganic, adj. e.g. — bodies, *corpora nullula cohaerendi natura* (Cic.).

inquest, n. *quaestio*; to hold an —, *de alqâ re* (e.g. *de morte*) *quaerere*.

inquietude, n. *sol(l)icitudo*; see DISQUIET.

inquire, v. intr. = to ask a question, *alqd* or — strictly after, *alqd requirere, exquirere, perquirere*; *de alqâ re sciscitare*; *percontari (perunctari) alqd* or *with utrum or ne*; = to make oneself acquainted with a thing, *cognoscere de alqâ re*; to — of persons after a thing, *alqd ab or ex alqo quaerere, requirere, exquirere, alqm de alqâ re interrogare*; — about anything in writing, *sciscitari per litt(er)as de alqâ re*; — into, *de alqâ re cognoscere or quaerere, de alqâ re or in alqd inquirere, alqd investigare, indagare*. **inquiry**, n. 1. = act of inquiring, *indagatio*; *investigatio* (= tracing); = examination, *cognitio*; *percontatio (perunctio)* (= questioning); — of the truth, *investigatio veri, veri inquisitio atque investigatio*; = the critical examination of the truth, *cognitio*; to be entirely bent upon the — of a thing, *totum se in alqâ re exquirendâ collocare*; = a diligent research, *diligentia*; to find by —, *inquirendo reperire*; 2. legal t.t., = examination, *cognitio* (= inspection with the view of becoming acquainted with a thing, e.g. of the town, *urbis*; then = — by a magistrate or jury); *quaestio* (in gen., and in a court); *inquisitio* (lit. = examination of anything, e.g. of the truth, *veri*; in the law = — about a person's life and any crime committed by him); — for a capital offence, *cognitio rei capitialis*; to demand a judicial —, *inquisitionem in alqm postulare* (= to inquire into the conduct of, in order to accuse); to institute an —, *quaestionem habere or instituire, cognitionem constitutere*, about, into anything, *alqd or de alqâ re quaerere, quaestione de alqâ re habere*; to come to an — (e.g. it will come to a trial), *venire in quaestionem or in cognitionem, cognosci*. **inquisition**, n. 1. see INQUIRY; 2. in some Catholic countries = a tribunal for trying heretics, *quaesitores*; a trial of this kind, *inquisitio de fide habita*. **inquisitive**, adj. *audiendi cupidus or avidus, or studiosus, curiosus*. Adv. *curioso*. **inquisitiveness**, n. *cupiditas, studium, or aviditas audiendi or cognoscendi*. **inquisitor**, n. = one who inquires by virtue of his office, *quaesitor*; to be the —, to be the person charged with an inquiry, an examination, trial, *cognoscere*, into, of a thing, *alqd*.

inroad, n. *irruption, incursio, incursum, -üs* (the latter also of rivers); to make an —, *irruptionem or incursionem facere in alqd*; = a sally, attack, excursion, *excursio, excursus, -üs*; = a single expedition, movement in a campaign, *expeditio*; — into the enemy's land, *incursio in fines hostium facta*.

insalubrious, adj. *insaluber*; = oppressive, hence unfavourable to health, *gravis* (e.g. temperature, *caelum*), comb. *gravis et pestilens*; — air or climate, *pestilenta or gravitas caeli; intemperies caeli*. **insalubrity**, n. — of a place, *pestilens loci natura*; — of the air, *pestilenta or gravitas or intemperies caeli*; see UNHEALTHY.

insane, adj. *insanus* (lit. and fig.), *mente captus*, (of one who is out of his mind, silly,

foolish, and of anything that is so) *amens*, *demens* (lit. and fig., e.g. a scoundrel, *consilium*, *ratio*) ; = mad, raving, *furious*, *excors*, *secors* (also = foolish), *secors* (rare), (of persons and things, e.g. a desire, *cupiditas*) ; = absurd, childish, *stultus*, *ineptus* (of persons and things). Adv. *dementer*, *insane*, *furiōse*, *stulte*, *inepite*. **insanity**, n. *insania* (of lunatics, or in gen. of extreme passion), *furor* (= fury, of anyone that flies into a passion), *amentia*, *dementia*, *recordia* (= madness or silliness), *cordicia* (rare), *stultitia* (= silliness).

insatiable, adj. *insatiabilis*, *inxepibilius* (lit. and fig.), *insaturabilis* (lit. e.g. belly, abdomen); an — desire for reading, *legendi aviditas*. Adv. by adj.

inscribe, v.tr. — to mark with letters, *inscribere*, *adscribere*, *consignare*. **inscription**, n. on monuments, coins, statues, *inscriptio*, *index*, *icis*, m. and f. (both in gen. e.g. of a book, picture, statue); *titulus* (= *inscriptio* and *index*; then = epitaph, *titulus* (*sepulchri*); also = a note, card, as a sign that a certain thing is to be sold or let); *epigramma*, *ātis*, n., an — at the foot of a statue, a gift, a tombstone, etc.; *carmen* (in verses, e.g., over the entrance of a temple); to place an — upon anything, *titulum inscribere alci rei*, *alqd inscribere*.

inscrutability, n. *obscuritas*, or by **inscrutable**, adj. *inxepibilis*, *obscurus*.

insect, n. *insectum* (Plin.); *bestiola* (= a small animal, e.g. the wire-worm).

insecure, adj. non with *tutus*, *manitus* or *furmus*, *infestus* (of roads, etc., = beset by robbers), *instabilis*, *incertus*, *lubricus* (of footing). Adv. *non* with *tuto*, *firme*, *firmiter*. **insecurity**, n. by adj. (e.g. the — of the roads, *itineria infesta*).

insensate, adj., see **INSANE**, **INSENSIBLE**.

insensible, adj. 1, *sensū expers*; to be —, *sensū carere*; 2, fig., *durus*, *tenuis*. Adv. *sensim*, *pedemptim* (*pedentē*); see **FEELING**. **insensibility**, n. 1, *torpor*; 2, *animus durus*, *tentitudo*; see also **CRUELTY**.

inseparability, n. by **inseparable**, adj. = indissoluble, *indissolubilitas*; = indivisible, *individuus*; an — friend, *amicus fidissimus*. Adv. use adj. **INSEPARABLE**.

insert, v.tr. *inserere* *alci rei*, or in *alqd*, *includere* *alci rei*, or in *alqd*, *interficere*, *interponere* (= to put in between, e.g. intercalary months, *intercalatos menses*; then in general as a parenthesis, either in speaking or in writing); *supplere* (= to supply, add, what was still wanting); *addere* *alqd alci rei*, or in with accus. (in general, = to add anything, e.g. I have inserted something in my speech, *in orationem addidi quaedam*); *adscribere* *alqd* in *alqd*, or in *alqd* *re* (e.g. *dīem in littoris*, the date in a letter); = to fasten in, *infigere* *alci rei* or in *alqd*; = to fix in the ground, plant, *defigere* in *alqd* or in *alqd* *re*. **insertion**, n. 1, by verb **INSERT**; 2, in rhet., the — of a clause = parenthesis, *interpositio*.

inside, I. n. *para interior*. II. adv. *intus*. III. prep. in with abl., *intra* with accus.; see **WITHIN**.

insidious, adj. *insidiosus*, *fallax*, *dolosus*, *fraudulenter*. Adv. *insidioso*, *fallaciter*, *dolose*, *fraudulenter*. **insidiousness**, n. *fallacia*, *dolus*, *fraus*; see **DECEITFUL**.

insight, n. discernment, *intellegentia* (*intelligi*); = perfect knowledge, understanding, seeing through, *perspicientia*; of the truth, *veri*; a deeper — into, knowledge of things (in the highest sense), *sapientia*; = judgment, the opinion based upon judgment, *judicium*, *consilium*; = a clear knowledge and —, *cognitio*,

of and into, *alci rei*; no —, want of judgment, *imprudentia*; a man of deep —, *vir prudentissimus*, *vir multi* or *magni consilii plenus*; men of — and talent, *viri docti et eruditii*; see **KNOWLEDGE**.

insignia, n. *fasces*, *-ium*, m., *insignia*, *-ium*. **insignificant**, adj. 1, = small, *parvus*, *exiguus*, *minutus*; 2, = unimportant, *levis*, *nullius momenti*. **insignificance**, n. 1, *exiguitas*; 2, *mediocritas* (rare), *nullius* or *parvi momenti*.

insincere, adj. *falsus*, *simulatus*, *facosus*, *fucatus*, *fallax*, *fraudulentus*, *dolosus*, *infidus* or *infidelis* (rare). Adv. *falso*, *fallaciter*, *simulante*, *fraudulente*, *dolose*. **insincerity**, n. *fucus*, *fallacia* (e.g. *sine fuco et fallacia*), *fraus*, *-dis*, f., *dolus*, *simulatio*, *infidelitas*.

insinuate, v.tr. and intr. 1, = to push, work oneself into favour, *se insinuare*, *arripere*, *irrepere*, *obrepere*, *† surrepere* in *alqd* (e.g. *amicitiam*); *gratiam sibi porere apud algm* (= to ingratiate oneself); 2, = to suggest by remote allusion, *alci alqd significare* (= to give to understand); see **HINT**. **insinuation**, n. 1, *blanditiae*; 2, *significatio*. **insinuating**, adj. *blandus* (= bland). Adv. *oblaude*.

insipid, adj. 1, *nihil sapiens*, *insulsus*, *elutus*; 2, fig., *insulsus*, *absurdus*, *ineptus*, *frigidus*, *jejunus*, *inanis*, *exitus*; (= tasteless, lit. *insipidus* is quite late); = not seasoned, *non conditus*; see **ABSURD**. Adv. *insulse*, *absurde*, *inepte*, *frigide*, *jejune*, *inaniter*, *exitiliter*. **insipidity**, n. by **INSIPID**, e.g. the — of the food, *cibi volupitate carentes*; if fig. see **ABSURDITY**.

insist, v.intr. *alqd suadere*, *hortari*; = to ask for, *alqd exigere*, *postulare*, *(ex)poscere*, *(ex)fligare*; = to state strongly, *declarare*, *asseverare*, *dicere*, ab *algo contendere ut* or de *alqd re* *re* *si cienda*.

insnare, v.tr. *irretire* (lit. and fig.); see **ENSNARE**.

insobriety, n. *intemperantia*; see **DRUNKENNESS**.

insolence, n. *insolentia*; = pride, *superbia*, *contumacia*, *audacia*, *impudicitia*, *arrogantia*. **insolent**, adj. *insolens*, *contumax*, *audax*, *impudens*, *arrogans*. Adv. *insolenter*, *contumaciter*, *audacter*, *impudenter*, *arroganter*, *superbe*.

insoluble, adj. 1, *quod liquefieri non potest*; 2, fig. *inxeplicabilis*, *difficilis* et *inxeplicabilis*.

insolvent, adj. *qui non est solvendo* or *ad solvendum*. **insolvency**, n. *non solvendo esse*, or *foro cedere*; see **BANKRUPT**.

insomuch, adv. *sic*, *ita*, *hoc* or *eo modo*, *ad eo*; under this condition, *hac* or *eā condicione*, *hac lege*; so far, *eo usque*; see **SO**.

inspect, v.tr. *visere*, *invisiere* (= to view, lit.); *ad spicere* (= to look through, examine); = to examine, *intueri*, *contemplari oculis*, *colatustrare*; to —, superintend anything, *alqd curare*, *regere*, *moderari*; see **EXAMINE**. **inspection**, n. 1, = a looking on, by verbs; 2, = watch, guardianship, superintendence, *cura* (= care over anything, e.g. the treasury, *aerarium*); *custodia*, comb. *cura custodiaque*; = protection, protecting care, *tutela*; = superintendence, — of a chairman, an officer, *praesidium*; = watch over the public morals, *praefectura morum*; to have the —, superintendence over anything, *alci rei praesidere*, *praefectura esse*, *alci rei praesidere* (as chairman, e.g. over public games, the affairs of the town); to have anyone under one's —, *alqm custodiare*.

inspector, n. *custos*, *ödilis* (m. and f.), *curator* (= keeper, librarian); = one who is set over a thing, *præses*, *ödilis*, m. and f., *praefectus*, one who superintends the public morals,

praefectus moribus, censor; — of the public highways, *curator viarum*; = superintendent of a certain district of a town (as regards its cleanliness, etc.), *magister vici*, *vicomagister* (Suet.); — of the public buildings and chief constable, *aedilis* (in Rome). **inspectorship**, n. *custodis munus*, -*eris*, *cura*, *prefectura*.

inspiration, n. 1. = the inhaling of air, *spiritus*, -*us*; 2. = — by the Holy Spirit, *instinctus* (-*us*) *divinus*, *instinctus divinus* *afflatusque*, *inspiratio* (Eccl.); by divine — through God's command, *divinitus*; 3. = counsel, *monitus*, -*us*, *consilium* (= advice, what has been suggested); at anyone's —, see *SUGGESTION*. **inspire**, v.tr. = to infuse ideas, *suggerere*, *sub(j)icere alci alqd* (= to suggest); as theol. t.t., to — by the Holy Spirit, *inspirare*; = to warn, advise, *monere alqm alqd* or *monere alqm ut*, etc.; to — with, instil, *alci in(j)icere*; to excite, — with instil into anyone courage, vigour, *excitare*, *incitare*, *incendere*, *inflammare*; = to delight, *laetitia* or *gaudio perfundere*. **inspired**, adj. *divino spiritu inflatus* or *tactus*, *mente incitatus* (in gen.); = fanatic, of enthusiasm approaching to madness, *faniacus*, *furens*, *furiibundus*. **inspirer**, n. see *INSPIRE*. **inspirit**, v.tr. *animum alci addere*; see ENCOURAGE.

instability, n. *inconstantia*; see INCONSTANCY. **instable**, adj. *inconstans*; see INCONSTANT.

install, v.tr. *inaugurare* (under the celebration of auguries). **installation**, n. by *inaugurare*. **instalment**, n. *prima* (*secunda*, etc.) *pensio*, *par*, *portio*; to pay by —, in *antecessum dare*; to receive, to be paid by —, in *antecessum accipere* (Sen.).

instance, I. n. 1. = request, *preces*, -*um*, more usually by abl. abs. (e.g. at the — of these men, *hi petentibus*, or *his auctoribus*); 2. = example, *exemplum*, *specimen*; for —, *verbi* or *exempli caus(s)a* or *gratia*. II. v.tr. *referre*, *dicere*; see MENTION. **instant**, I. adj. 1. = urgent, *vehemens*, *intensus*, *acer*, *magnus momenti*, *gravis* (= serious); 2. = immediate, *praesens*. III. n. *punctum temporis* (= the smallest point in duration); = a moment, as part of an hour, *momentum* or *vestigium temporis*, *momentum horae*; in an —, *momentum temporis*; to the —, *ad tempus*; not an —, *ne minimam partem temporis*; in every —, *omni puncto temporis*, *nullo temporis punto intermissio*; the, this very —, by *ipse* (e.g. the very — of his departure, *suā ipsā profectio*; for the very —, *ipsō tempore*); to an —, *ad tempus*; for the —, *ad tempus*, *temporis caus(s)a*; for the present —, in *praesens*, in *praesentia* (opp. in *posteriorum*); = a favourable opportunity, *tempus opportunitatis*, *temporis opportunitas* or *occasio*; not to allow the — to pass, *tempori* or *temporis occasione non deesse*; during the last —, *in ipsa morte*. Adv. = immediately, *statim*, *confestim*, *protinus*, *e vestigio*, *extemplo*, *continuo*; = urgently, *intente*, *acriter*, *vehementer*, *impense*, *etiam atque etiam*, *magnopere*. **instantaneous**, adj. *brevissimus* (= of very short duration); = transient, *fugax* (= swift); sudden, *subitus* (e.g. *consilia*); = present, momentary, *praesens* (e.g. possibility, *facultas*). Adv. *puncto* or *momento temporis*, *e vestigio*; = by-and-by, immediately, *extempo*.

instate, v.tr. = to establish in a rank or condition, by *constituere*; to — in an office (in general), *manus alci mandare* or *assignare* or *deferre*, *muneri alqm praeficere* or *praeponere*; to — in any particular office, *apponiere* (e.g. in the office of guardian, *alqm custodem alci*); see INSTALL.

instead, prep. *loco* or *in locum alejs* or *alejs rei*; = in the place of, vice (Plin.), *in vicem* or *vicem alejs* or *alejs rei* (*meam*, *tuam*, *nostram*, *estrarum vicem*, in my, etc., stead; — of you all, *vestram omnium vicem*); *pro* with the abl. (= for, as good as, in comparison with, in proportion to); I was invited — of him, *in locum ejus invitatus sum*; he had called them Quirites — of soldiers, *Quirites eos pro militibus appellaverat*; — of, = rather than, with the pres. part., *tantum abest ut... ut*, etc. (= so far from ... he rather, sooner, etc.); = not only did not ... but, *non modo non sed etiam*; instead of ... he rather, *adeo non*, *adeo nihil* — *ut*; instead of ... he only, *magis quam* (in Lat., the second clause comes first; e.g. — of frightening him, it only brought him into greater rage, *accenderat eum magis quam conteruerat*); — of taking to flight, *omissa fuga*; sometimes also by *cum* (e.g. — of praising him, he reproved him, *cum laudare deberet*, *eum vituperavit*).

instep, n. *pes superior*.

instigate, v.tr. *instigare* (e.g. *canes in alqm*, = to set on, and fig.), *concitare*, *incitare*. **instigation**, n. *impulsus*, -*us*, *stimulus*, *instinctus*, -*us*; at your —, *te auctore*. **instigator**, n. *auctor*, *concitator*, *impulsor*, *suasor*, *machinator*, *princeps*, -*ipis*.

instil, v.tr. 1. = to infuse by drops, in general, *in os alejs in(j)icere* or *indire* or *ingerere*; *instillare* (by drops, e.g. milk); 2. = to fill with, *alqm alqd re implere*; to — admiration, *alqm admiratione imbuere*, *admirationem alci in(j)icere*

instinct, I. n. animal —, *natura*; from one's own —, *natura ducē*; = natural desire, *appetitio* (= the act of striving, e.g. after knowledge, cognitionis); *appetitus*, -*us* (= natural feeling, especially animal); (both *appetitio* and *appetitus* are used by Cie. for the Greek ὁρνή = desire in general); a sudden impulse, *impetus*, -*us*; = inward desire, inclination, taste, *studium*; sensual —, *studia prava* or *turpia* or *humilia*. II. adj. — with anything, *alqā re imbutus*. **instinctive**, adj. *naturalis*, *duce naturā suā* (e.g. to do anything, *facere alqd*). Adv. *naturā (duce)*, *naturāliter*.

institute, I. v.tr. = to found (e.g. a court), *condere* (lit. to put together, hence to accomplish the building or the establishing of anything, e.g. an empire, *imperium*); to — a thing, *instituere*; to — a monarchy, *regnum statuere*, *regem creare* (= to create a king); = to erect, place, *constituere* (e.g. a monument, *monumentum*); to — friendship, *conciliare amicitiam*; a union, wedding, *nuptias*; peace, *pacem*; to — again, re-establish, *reconciliare* (e.g. peace, *pacem*); to effect, *facere* (e.g. a treaty, alliance, *foedus*, -*eris*, n.; peace, *pacem*). II. n. see INSTITUTION. **institution**, n. 1. = foundation, *initium* (= beginning), or verb (e.g. after the — of the state, *post quam civitas instituta est*, or *post civitatem institutam*, or by abl. abs., *civitatis institutū*); 2. = custom, *institutum*, *lex*, *mos*, *moris*, m.; 3. = society, *societas*, *collegium*, *sodalitas*; 4. = school, *tudus* (*litterarum*), *schola*; see SCHOOL.

instruct, v.tr. 1. *erudire* (= to draw out of a state of comparative rudeness and ignorance), in anything, *in alqā re*; = to teach, *alqm alqd docere*; comb. *erudire atque docere*, *docere atque erudire*; = to prepare anyone for a certain avocation, *instituere ad alqd*; or by *instruire* (lit. to provide anyone with what is necessary, *doctrinis*, *artibus*, = to instruct in); to lecture, *praecepere* or *tradere alqd* or *de alqā re*, *tradere praecepta alejs rei*; — to anyone in elocution, *alqm ad dicendum instituere*; see ORDER; to be instructed by anyone, *discere ab algo*; to be instructed in

anything by anyone, *discere alqd* (or with infin.); **2**, = order, *alqd alici praescribere* (e.g. *quae sint agendo*), *alci committere* or *mandare ut*; see ORDER, CHARGE. **instructed**, adj. *eruditus* (= brought out of a state of ignorance, educated); one who has received a learned, a literary education, *doctus, doctrinā instrutus*. **instruction**, n. **1**, = the act of teaching, *institutio* (= in gen., information), in anything, *alci rei*; = the bringing up of anyone from a state of ignorance, *eruditio*; = education in a school, or from a master, *disciplina*; — given by a teacher, *doctrina; praeceptum* (= lesson); **2**, = direction, *praeceptor* (= the act of prescribing), *praeceptum* (= precept), *praecriptum, mandatum* (= charge given to anyone, e.g. an ambassador); his —s, *alci mandare ut*; see INSTRUCT, **2**. **instructive**, adj. *utilis*. Adv. *utiliter*. **instructor**, n. *magister, doctor, praeceptor, dux* (= leader).

instrument, n. **1**, = tool, *utensilia, -ium*; (= utensils in a household, and in general); = furniture, *supellex*; = vessels, culinary —s, a soldier's cooking apparatus, *vasa, -orum*; = tools for carrying on trade, *instrumentum* (collectively or in pl., e.g. agricultural, *rusticum*); = some large, artificial, machine, *machina*; an iron —, *feramentum*; musical — with strings, *fides, -ium*; = horn, *cornu*; = trumpet, *tuba*; = pipe, *tibia*; to sing to an —, *ad chordarum sonum cantare*; **2**, = means, minister (fig.); to use anyone as an — for anything, *alci operā alqd efficerē*; **3**, in law and in gen. (= a deed), *lit(l)erae, tabulæ* (= anything in writing); to draw up an — in writing, *litteris alqd consignare*. **instrumental**, adj. **1**, = contributing aid, *utilis* (= useful); convenient, *modus, accommodatus, aptus*; you were — in hindering, *per te stetit quominus*, etc., or *te autore*; to be —, *ad alqd valere*, *alci operā effici, alci prodesse*; **2**, = pertaining to music, — music, *cantus tibiarum nervorumque* or *nervorum et tibiarum*; — and vocal music, *chordarum sonitus et vocis cantus, vocum nervorumque cantus, -us*. **instrumentality**, n. *opera, ministerium*, or by per or *alci operā* or abl. abs. (e.g. *per te tuā operā* or *te autore*).

insubordination, n. *disciplina nulla* (= no order, discipline); = licentiousness, *licentia, nimia licentia*, comb. *intemperantia* et *nimia licentia*. **insubordinate**, adj. *nulla disciplina coercitus, intemperans, seditus, turbulentus, male or parum oboediens* (*obedient*) or *obtemperans*. Adv. *seditus, turbulenter(n)*.

insufferable, adj. *intolerabilis*; see INTOLERABLE.

insufficient, adj. *haud sufficiens, haud satis* (*magnus*, etc.), *impar* (= unequal); see INADEQUATE. Adv. *haud satis, parvum*. **insufficiency**, n. *inopia, imbecilitas* (= weakness), *angustiae, egestas, paupertas* (= poverty).

insular, adj. by *insula* (e.g. through our position, *eo ipso quod insulam incolimus*).

insult, I. n. *injuria, injuria alci illata, ab alio illata, contumelia, probrum, maledictum*; = disgrace, *dederus, -oris, n., ignominia, indignitas*. II. v.tr. *alci maledicere* (= abuse), *contumeliam alci imponere*; without any —, *sine illa contumelia*; to be insulted, *injuriam accipere* or *patri*; easily insulted, *animus mollis ad accipendium offendens*; to feel yourself insulted, *injuriam sibi factum putare*; insulted by something, *alqd in or ad contumeliam accipere* (= to take as an —). **insulting**, adj. *contumeliosus, probrosus, maledicens, maledicens*; — words, *voces contumeliosae, verborum contumeliae*. Adv. *contumeliose, maledice, per ludibrium*,

insuperable, adj. *in(ex)superabilis* (lit. = what cannot be surmounted, of mountains), *quod superari non potest* (lit. and fig.); invincible, *invictus* (of persons).

insupportable, adj. see INTOLERABLE.

insurance, n. *fides de domino resarcendo interposita*. **insure**, v.tr. and intr. *damnum praestare, de alqd re caverē*.

insurgent, adj. and n. *seditus, turbulensus*. **insurrection**, n. *rebellio, sedition, motus, -ūs, tumultus, -ūs*. **insurrectionary**, adj. *seditionis*; see INSURGENT.

insusceptible, n. by **insusceptible**, adj. see INSENSIBLE.

intact, adj. *intactus; integer* (= untouched), *salvus, incolamus* (= unharmed).

intangible, n. *quod sentire or sensibus percipere non possumus*.

integral, adj. *parts ad totum necessaria*. **integrity**, n. **1**, = entirety (e.g. — of the empire), adj. *regnum integrum*; **2**, = incorruptness, *integritas, probitas, abstinentia, innocentia, sanctitas, castitas* (= purity).

integument, n. (= that which naturally covers a thing, but chiefly a term in anatomy), *cutis* (= skin or —), *teg(u)men, (in)teg(u)mentum, operimentum* (= a covering, protection), *velamentum, velum* (= a covering, cloak), *invulnerum* (= a wrapper).

intellect, n. *mens, -ntis, f., ingenium, ingenii vis, animus, cogitatio, intelligentia, quae partes animi rationis atque intelligentiae particeps est*; acuteness of —, *ingenii acumen or acies, subtletias, sagacitas*. **intellectual**, adj. by genit. of *mens*, etc. **intelligence**, n. **1**, *perspicacitas, sol(l)ertia*; see INTELLECT; **2**, = news, *nuntius*; see NEWS. **intelligencer**, n. = one who sends or conveys intelligence, *nuntius, legatus* (= an ambassador); = one who gives notice of transactions in writing, a newspaper-writer, journalist, *diurnorum scriptor*. **intelligent**, adj. *mente praeditus* (= gifted with understanding); one who has understanding, and uses it, *mentis compos, sanus*; = wise, *intelligens, sapiens, prudens, sciens, comb. prudens et sciens, (per)severans, astutus, sol(l)ers*; a very — man, *homo ingenio praeuentique acutissimum*; to be —, *sapere*. Adv. *intellegerenter, sapienter, prudenter, scienter, acute, astute, sol(l)erter*. **intelligible**, adj. *quod facile intellegi potest*; = well explained, *explicatus*; = clear, *perspicuus*; = plain, not confused, *planius*; = manifest, *apertus* (lit., open to everybody, also of the speaker); = distinct, *distinctus* (= well arranged, e.g. of the language, also of the person who speaks it, e.g. *utroque distinctior Cicero, Tac.*). Adv. *perspicue, plane, aperte, distincte, explicate*.

intemperance, n. *intemperantia, immoderatio, impotentia*; in drink, *ebrietas*. **intemperate**, adj. *intemperans, impotens, immodicivus, immoderatus*; — in drink, *ebriosus, temulentus*; = angry, *iracundus*. Adv. *intemperanter, immodecere, immoderate, iracunde*.

intend, v.tr. and intr. = to purpose, *propositum habēre* or by *propositum est mihi alqd* (or with infin.); = to think of, *cogitare alqd* (or with infin.); = to look forward to a thing, to direct one's attention to, (*animo*) *intendere* (with the accus. of a pron. or with *ut* or with infin.), *animum intendere ad or in alqd*; = to design, to be trying to, *id agere ut, etc., alqd agitare*; he could not do what he intended, *quod intenderal, non efficiere poterat*; = to prepare anything, *parere*; to attempt something difficult, *alqd moiri*; = to devise, *alqd comminisci* (something bad, e.g. a fraud, *fraudem*); = to be about to, *vele, cogitare*,

in animo habēre, destinare (all with infin.; also very often by using the fut., e.g. *nunc scripturus sum*, = I am just about to write). **intense**, adj. *magnus, acer, ardens, summus, intentus*; to take — pains with, *incumbēre ad or in alqd or alici rei*, or by *animum intendēre ad alqd*. Adv. *valde, magnopere, acriter, summe*. **intensify**, v.tr. *majorem, etc., reddēre, amplificare, exaggerare, augēre*; see INCREASE. **intensity**, n. *vis, vis f., gravitas*; — of cold, *rigor*. **intensive**, adj. — serving to give emphasis (e.g. an — particle), *interventus* (e.g. *interventiva adverbia, gram.*). **intent**, I. adj. (lit.) — having the mind strained, bent on a subject, eager, e.g. on business), *studiosus alcis rei, intentus, intentus ad alqd or (in) alqd rei; erectus*; to be — upon, *animum ad alqd, in alqd or alici rei intendēre, incumbēre in or ad alqd or alici rei, studēre alici rei*. Adv. by adj. II. n. see INTENTION; to all —s and purposes, *omnino*. **intention**, n. — design, *consilium, propositum, mens, animus* (e.g. *in animo habēre, esse in animo alici*), *institution, sententia, studium, voluntas*. **intentional**, adj. by adv. *quod consulto or de industriā, or deditā operā fit*.

inter, v.tr. *sepelire* (= to bury in general; also *sepelire dolorem, humare* (= to cover with earth)). **interment**, n. *sepultura, humatio*; place of —, *sepulchrum*; see BURY.

interact, n. — interlude in a play, *embolium* (εμβόλιον, fig., *embolia amoris*, Cic.).

intercalary, adj. *intercalaris* or *intercalarius*. **intercalate**, v.tr. *intercalare*.

intercede, v.intr. — to plead, (*de)precare* pro alqo (= to — for anyone); see ENTREAT, BEG. **intercession**, n. *deprecatio* (= praying earnestly to turn off some evil); at anyone's request, *alqo deprecatore* (e.g. to obtain pardon, *veniam impetrare*); to make — for anyone, *rogare pro alqo* (so as to obtain something); on account of anything, *alci adesse ad alqd deprecandum*; with anyone, *deprecari alqm pro alqo, deprecatorem alici adesse apud alqm; alici supplicare pro alqo*. **intercessor**, n. one who entreats, deprecator. **intercessory**, adj. by verbs; see INTERCEDE.

intercept, v.tr. I. — to seize on by the way (e.g. a letter, a prince), *intercipere, expiri*; 2. — to cut off, *intercludere, circumvenire, officere* (e.g. — the light, *luminibus officere*); see INTERRUPT, HINDER.

interchange, I. v.tr. 1. — to reciprocate (e.g. places), by *(com)mutare, (per)mutare intersese*; see ALTERNATE, EXCHANGE. II. n. *(com)mutatio, permutatio, vicissitudo*. **interchangeable**, adj. *quae inter se (com)mutari possunt*. Adv. *invicem*.

intercolumniation, n. *intercolumnium*. **intercommunicate**, v.intr. I. *alqd communicare inter se or conferre inter se*; see COMMUNICATE; 2. of rooms, etc., *commeatus, -ūs, continere*.

intercourse, n. *conversatio (social), usus, -ūs* (frequent); *commercialium* (commercial and in gen.); habitual —, *consuetudo*; —, inasmuch as parties live, reside together, *convictus, -ūs*; family —, *usus domesticus et consuetudo; familiaris* —, *usus familiaris, familiaritas*; I have — with anyone, *est mihi consuetudo cum alio*; to have familiar — with anyone, *alio familiariter* or *intime uti, conjunctissime vivere cum alio, usum cum alio conjunctissimum esse*; to avoid all — with men, *congressus hominum fugere, fugere colloquia et coetus hominum*.

interdict, I. v.tr. 1. — to forbid, *interdicere alici alqd re, or with ne*; see FORBID; 2. see EXCOMMUNICATE. II. n. *interdictum*.

interest, I. v.tr. 1. — to excite an interest, (e.g. a book), *jucundum esse* (lit. — to be pleasing); — to delight, *dilectare*; — to fascinate, *capere* (= to prepossess); to — anyone, *alci placere*; — to attract delight, *alqm dilectare* or *dilectione alicere*; — to enlist anyone's attention, *tenere* (e.g. *audientium animos*); if it —s you to know this likewise, *sī etiam hoc queris*; 2. — to have a share, to be concerned in; anything —s me, *alqd meū interest, alqd ad me pertinet*; 3. — to give a share in; 1 — anyone in anything, *alci alqd commendō* (e.g. *alci gloriam alici*); I feel an — in anything, *alqd mihi curiae or cordi (but curiae cordique) est*; 1 — myself for anyone, *alci studeo, consuluo, alcis sum studiosius*; to take — in, *participem esse alcis rei*; — to be an accomplice in bad action, *affīm esse rei* (lit. — to be related to anyone). II. n. 1. — causing interest, in gen. *studium*; the divided — of the hearers, *deductum in partes audientium studium*; — attraction, *voluptas*; = pleasantness, *jucunditas*; — delight, *dilectatio, oblectatio*; to give an — to a matter, *voluptatem dare alici rei*; 2. — advantage; to have an — in, by interest or *refert*; the — anyone has in a thing, *res or rationes or caus(s)a alcis*; — advantage, *commodum; bonum, usus, -ūs, utilitas*; = emolument, *emolumētum*; the common —, *res or caus(s)a communis, communis omnium utilitas*; in anyone's —, *ex usu alcis*; anything is in my —, *alqd est ē re meū*; my — requires it, *rationes meae ita ferunt*; it is conducive to my —, *expedit mihi, meis rationibus conductū*; not all have, feel the same —, *aliis aliud expedit*; to defend anyone's —, *alci caus(s)a defensio*; to consider, study anyone's —, *alci rationibus consilēre*; 3. *usura or usuraria, faēcēs (fē); added to the capital, anatocismus; — of —, usurare usurarum; to lend out money on —, pecuniam faēcērū, pecuniam dare faēcēre or faēcērī, ponēre in faēcēre nummos*; to invest capital at —, *pecuniam apud alqm occupare*; to lend out money at high —, *pecuniam grandi faēcēre occupare*; money lent without —, *pecunia grātia*; the act of lending money on —, *faēcēratio*; the — mounts up, *usuræ multiplicantur*; to return, repay an act of kindness with —, *beneficium cum usuris reddere*; to return kindness with —, *debitum alici cumulate redēre*.

interested, adj. *attensus, erectus*; — in, *alci rei studiosus* (= fond of); I am — in anything, *alqd ē re meū est, mihi expedit, meā interest or refert*. **interesting**, adj. by *quod ad se atrahit* or *illicit* (of a person), or by *alqm tenēre* (of a writer), or by *multum habēre* or *plenum esse delectationis* (of a book), *jucundus*; see AGREEABLE.

interfere, v.intr. *alci rei or in alqd intercedere, admiscere, intervenire, se interponere, or se immiscere*; I shall not — with it, *per me licet*; to — on anyone's behalf (i.e. to guarantee for anyone), *intercedere pro alqo*; to hinder, *alqm interpellare or prohibere* or *impedire* (with *quoniam* or *quid* or *ne*), *alci officere, obesse, alici obstare quoniam* or *quid*; see HINDER. **interference**, n. by verb, or by *intercessio* (of the tribunes).

interim, n. *tempus interjectum, spatiuum, temporis intervallum, tempus quod interea est*; ad —, *interim*; ad *tempus* (= for a time); *temporis gratia* (= for the present time); a decree ad —, *edictum ad tempus propositum*.

interior, I. adj. *interior, internus*. II. n. *pars interior*; see INNER, INTERNAL.

interjacent, adj. I. by *interjacēre, intercedere*; 2. *interjacens, interjectus*.

interject, v.tr. *interponere*, *interjicere*.
interjection, n. (in grammar) *interjectio*.

interlace, v.tr. *implicare* = to intermix (e.g. remarks), *intexere alq alci rei* (fig., e.g. entry in a discourse, *versus orationis*); see ENTWINE.

interlapse, I. v.intr. *interjici*, *interponi*. II. n. by verb; in the — of a year, *anno circumacto* or *praeiterito*, *anno interjecto*, also *anno post*, or *post annum*.

interlard, v.tr. see MIX.

interleave, v.tr. *libri singulis paginis inter(jicere) singulas chartias puras*.

interline, v.tr. *interscribere* (Plin. Min.).

interlocution, n. see CONVERSATION. **interlocutor**, adj. (= consisting of dialogue, e.g. discourses), *in sermone*; to mention to anyone by way of conversation, *alci in sermone in(jicere)* (with acc. and infin., Cic.); a thing is mentioned as an — remark, *incidit mentio de alq re*.

interlude, n. see INTERACT.

intermarriage, n. *connubium*. **intermarry**, v.intr. *inter se matrimonio conjungi*.

intermeddle, v.intr. *se interponere alci rei* or *in alq*, *se admiscere* or *immiscere*; not to —, *abesse* or *se abstinere* *ab alq re*; you may do as you like, I shall not —, *quod voles facies, me nihil interpono*. **intermediate**, adj. *medius* (*intermedius*, ante class.).

interment, n. see INTER.

interminable, adj. *infinitus*. Adv. *in-finite*.

intermingle, v.tr. *alci alq (inter)miscere*; see MINGLE, MIX.

intermission, n. *intermissio* (e.g. of duty, office); see INTERRUPTION, PAUSE. **intermit**, v.tr. *alq intermittere*; see OMIT, CEASE, INTERRUPT. **intermittent**, adj., med. t.t. *febris intermittens* (Cels.). Adv. *tempore* or *interullo interposito*, or *certis temporibus* (= at fixed times, or *incertis temp.* = at irregular intervals), *aliquoando*, *nonnumquam* (*nonnunq.* = sometimes).

intermix, I. v.tr. see INTERMINGLE. II. v.intr. (*com*)*misceri*, *permisceri*, *intermisceri*. **intermixture**, n. *misto*, *permistio* (the act); see COMPOUND, MIXTURE.

internal, see INNER. Adv. *intus*, *penitus*.

international, adj. — law, *jus (juris, n.) gentium*.

internecine, adj. *internecivus*; see FATAL.

internuncio, n. = messenger between two parties, *internuntius*.

interpellation, n. *interpellatio* (Cic.).

interpolate, v.tr. *to insert, alq alci rei addere, inserere*; = to falsify, *corrumperem*. **interpolation**, n. use verb.

interpose, I. v.tr. = to place between (e.g. to — a body between the earth and the sun), *interponere*, *interjicere*. II. v.intr. = to mediate, *se interponere in rem*; see INTERFERE. **interposition**, n. 1. = a placing between (e.g. the — of the Baltic sea between, etc.), *interjectus*, *interpositus* (both -ūs, only common in abl. however), *interventus*, -ūs; better use abl. abs. (e.g. *mari interjecto* = by the — of the sea; 2, (in general = mediation, anything interposed), *vis, impulsus*, -ūs (= instigation), or by *auctor* (e.g. by my —, *me auctore*); see INTERFERENCE; by divine —, influence, *divinitus*.

interpret, v.tr. 1. = to — for anyone, *interpretari*; see TRANSLATE; 2. = to unfold

the meaning of anything (e.g. a dream), *alq interpretari, esse interpretarem alci rei* (e.g. the law, a dream); *con(j)icere, alq conjecturā explanare, conjecturam alci rei facere, alq enarrare* (= to conjecture, explain by conjecture, e.g. a dream, a wonder, etc.); = to take anything that is said, *accipere* (either in a good or bad sense); = to explain, *explanare*; to — in a wrong sense, misinterpret, *detergere in* (with accus.), *trahere ad or in* (with accus., — on purpose); to — anything that is not clear, *rem obscuram interpretando explanare*; to get anyone to — anything in good part, *alq in bonam partem accipere* or *bene interpretari*; to — anything as an offence, *alq in malam partem accipere* or *male interpretari*; to — anything from anyone as haughtiness, *alq alci tribuēre superbiam, trahere alq in superbiam*; as an insult, as disgracing anyone, *in contumeliam convertēre*; to — a thing differently from what anyone said, *alter alq ut dictum erat accipere*. **interpretation**, n. *interpretatio*, *explanatio* (= explanation); an — by conjecture, a conjecture, hypothesis, *conjectio*, *conjectura*; = critical explanations of an author, *enarratio* (Quint.); to be liable to have a bad — put upon, *in malam partem accipi*. **interpretative**, adj. *quod explanat*. **interpreter**, n. an — of a foreign tongue, *interpres, -etis*, m. and f.; to converse through the medium of an —, *per interpretēm colloqui*, with anyone, *cum algo*.

interregnū, n. *interregnū*. **interrex**, n. *interrex*.

interrogate, v.tr. and intr. *quaerere, exquirere, requirere ex or ab algo*; see ASK, INQUIRE; = to — again and again, *rogare*; see ASK. **interrogation**, n. *interrogatio* (= the act of interrogating, hence anything in the form of a question), *percontatio* (*percunct-*); = the question asked, *(inter)rogatum*; = investigation, *questio*. **interrogative**, I. adj. use verb (e.g. in an — manner, *percontando* (*percunct-*) et *interrogando*). II. n. *particula interrogativa* (gram.). **interrogator**, n. qui interrogat. **interrogatory**, I. adj. by INTERROGATE. II. n. *interrogatio*.

interrupt, v.tr. *interrumpere* (e.g. a speech, *orationem*, sleep, *somnum*; order, succession, *ordinem*); *interpellare* (lit., to — a speaker by speaking, by addressing the meeting; then in general, to disturb); = to rest, cease for a while from anything, *intermittere* (e.g. the march, journey, *iter*; the battle, *praedium*); to intercept, arrest suddenly, *interciperre* (e.g. the march, *iter*; a conversation, *sermonem medium*); to — by interfering, *intervenire alci rei* (e.g. a deliberation, *deliberationi*); = to cut short, *incidere* (lit. = to cut into, to cut away a piece as it were, e.g. a discourse, the conversation, speech, *sermonem*); = to speak whilst others are speaking, *alq interfari*; = to cause to cease, separate, put off, *dirimere* (e.g. *sermonem, praedium*; both of persons and circumstances); to — by speaking against, *alci obloqui*; — noisily, *alci obstrepere*. **interrupted**, adj. *interruptus, interceptus, intermissus*. Adv. *interrupte*. **interruption**, n. *interpellatio* (= of one who speaks by others; then in general = disturbance); = the act of speaking whilst someone else speaks, *interfatio*; = the act of ceasing for a while, *intermissio* (e.g. of the correspondence, *lit(terarum) or epistolium*); = the interval whilst an — takes place, *intercapio* (e.g. *scribendi*); without —, *uno tenore, sine ullā intermissione*; to carry on the war with —, *per dilaciones bellum gerere*.

intersect, v.tr. *secare* (lit. and fig.); = to cleave, divide, *scindere* (lit. and fig.); to cut

across, thus, **X**, *decussare* (e.g. a line); to cut right in the middle, *medium secure*; by ditches, *fossis concidere* (e.g. a field, a piece of land). **intersection**, n. *sectio* (the act); the — (X) of two lines that cross each other, *decussatio*, *decussus*, -is, m.; = diameter, *diametros*; see DIAMETER.

intersperse, v.tr. *immiscere*; in anything, *alci rei*; to — poetry in a discourse, speech, sermon, *versus admiscere orationi*; see MIX.

interstice, n. *rima, foramen*.

intertwine, v.tr. see ENTWINE.

interval, n. *intervallo, spatium interjectum* (in general); *distantia*, for — between two places, distance, seldom used, as in Vitruv.); — of time, *tempus interjectum*; to leave an —, a space between, *spatium reliquiere* or *intermittere*; after a brief —, *interjecto hanc magno spatio*; in the —, *interim*; at —s, *aliquando, nonnumquam (nonnunq.)*.

intervene, v.intr. — to be between, *interjacer*; — to come between, *intercedere*, *interfluere*, *interponi*, *intervenire*; *supervenire alci rei* (of persons and things, e.g. of the night, *ni noctis praelicio intervenisset*, Liv.; to — (of obstacles), *ob*(i)ici**. **intervention**, n. *interventus*, -us (of persons and things); see INTERFERENCE.

interview, n. *congressio* (= the act), *congressus*, -us (= the — itself, friendly meeting); an — for a stated purpose, *conventus*, -us; — conversation, *colloquium*, *sermo*.

interweave, v.tr. *intexere alci rei* or *in alq*(i)re* (lit. and fig.); see ENTWINE.*

intestate, n. of a person who dies without making a will, *intestatum* (Cic.) or *intestato* (Cic.) *decedere*.

intestine, I. adj. *intestinus*; see INTERNAL. II. n. *intestinum*, usu. pl. *intia, viscera, exta* (all pl.).

intimacy, n. *familiaritas, usus (-us)*, *familiaris, consuetudo, necessitudo*. **intimate**, I. adj. *familiaris* (e.g. conversation, *sermo*), *intimus (inter)*, *conjunctus*; to have an — knowledge of anything, *alq*(i) penitus perspectum cognitumque habere**. Adv. *familiariter, intime, conjuncte, penitus, prorsus*; see WHOLLY. II. v.tr. *significare* (in gen.); — to indicate, *indicare* (both *alci alq*(i)**); — to inform anyone about a matter, *docere alq*(i) alq*(i)**, *alq*(i) re certiorem facere**, *alq*(i) alci nuntiare, declarare**; to — by words, *voce significare*; to — in a roundabout way, *alq*(i) circuitu plurium verborum ostendere**; as a prediction, a wonder, *alq*(i) portendere**; to — (in a threatening manner), *denuntiare*. **intimation**, n. *significatio, nuntiatio, denuntiatio*.*

intimidate, v.tr. *metum (timorem, terrorem, pavorem, formidinem) alci in(j)icere, incutere*; *metum (timorem, terrorem) alci afferre, inferre, offerre*; *alq*(i) in metum compellere, con(j)icere**; see FRIGHTEN, TERRORIFY. **intimidated**, adj. *timefactus* (e.g. liberty). **intimidation**, n. *miniae* = threats; by *pavorem* or *metum* *alci incutere*.

into, prep. as denoting motion towards or entrance, *in* with accus.; *in meridiem*, = southwards; *in Galliam*, = towards Gaul; so of time, to, or up to, *dormiet in lucem*, = he will sleep till daybreak; *in multam noctem*, = deep into the night. An adverb may be added, *usque in senectutem*, = down to old age; *miki in mentem venit*, = it occurs to me. *In*, as equivalent to *into*, may signify change or conversion, as *in lapidem verti*, = to be changed — stone; *in aquam solvi*, = to be melted — water. With verbs compounded with preps., *into* is often not expressed, to go — the city, *urbem ingredi*.

intolerable, adj. *intolerabilis, intolerandus, vix tolerabilis, non ferendus* (of persons and things, e.g. woman, cold, pain); = odious, disagreeable, troublesome, *odiosus* (of persons and things, e.g. you are — to me, *odiosus mihi es*); = disobliging, disagreeable, *impotunus* (of persons and things, e.g. avarice, *avaritia*.) Adv. *intoleranter*; to boast —, *intolerantissime gloriari*; it is — cold, *intolerabile est frigus*. **intolerance**, n. *animus aliorum de relvis divinis opiniones haud ferens*, or by some word = pride, *intolerantia, superbia, arrogantia*. **intolerant**, adj. *moribus immitis* (= of a harsh disposition); = intractable, difficult to deal with, *obstinate, difficilis*; = proud, *superbus, alci rei intolerans*; in religion, *erga alq*(i) parum indulgens**.

intone, v.tr. = to sound the notes of a musical scale, *incipere* (= to begin to sing, Virg.); *voce praerie* (= to lead, of a precentor, to sound the first note); to — prayers, *preces canere*.

intoxicate, v.tr. *inebriare* (lit.), *ebrium reddere*. **intoxicated**, adj. *ebrius, temulentus*. **intoxicating**, adj. (*potus*) *qui alq*(i) ebrium reddit**. **intoxication**, n. *ebrietas, temulentia*; see DRUNK.

intractable, adj. *indocilis, difficilis*. **intractability**, n. by adj.

intransitive, adj. *intransitivus* (gram.).

intrench, v.tr. = to cut a trench, (com-) *munire* (= to fortify, in gen.); = to surround with fortifications, *operibus et munitionibus saepire, operibus munire*; = to surround with palisades, *vallare, obvallare, vallo* or *fossâ saepire* (sep.), or *cingere*, or *circumdare*, or *manire*; *alq*(i) locum munitionibus saepire, castra in algo loco communire**. **intrenchment**, n. *vallum, munitionis, munimentum, opera, -um*.

intrepid, adj. *intrepidus*; see FEARLESS.

intrepidity, n. *animus intrepidus or impavidus* or *fortis*; *fortitudo*; see COURAGE.

intracyc, n. *implicatio, contortio* (e.g. *orationis*); the — of the road, *iter impeditum*. **intricate**, adj. *contortus, implicatus, inexplicabilius, perplexus, tortuosus, impeditus*.

intrigue, I. n. = a plot of a complicated nature, *dolus* (= a trick played to do harm); a secret —, *clandestinum consilium, artificia, iurorum*; = a snare, *fallacia*; = a deception, *fraus, -dis*; = ambush, *insidia*. II. v.tr. *fallacias fabricari, (con)poquerere* (e.g. *consilia*); see PLOT, CONSPIRE. **intriguer**, n. *doli* or *fallaciarum machinator*. **intriguing**, adj. *callidus et ad fraudem acutus, fraudulentus, rufus*; = malicious, knavish, malitious; a crafty fellow, *veterator*.

intrinsic(al), adj. = real, *verus*, or *per se*, or *ipse*. Adv. *re vera, per se, vere*; see REAL.

introduce, v.tr. lit. *invehere, importare* (by ship, by goods, etc.); to — anyone to one, *alq*(i) introducere ad alq*(i)* (usu. to the great, to an audience, Curt., or to a house)**; to — anyone to a person (for making his acquaintance) by letter, *alci commendare*; = to make acquainted with someone, *praesentim prae*(i) alci commendare**; = to induce anyone to an office, *alq*(i) inaugurate**; in a fig. sense, e.g. to — anyone as speaking, *alq*(i) loquenter* or *disputantem inducere**; = to bring up (e.g. customs, etc.), *inducere, introducere*; to have been introduced, *usu receptione esse*; to — many changes, *multa mutare* or *novare*. **introduction**, n. *in*(i)vectio** (= importation of goods, etc.), *inductio* (= the act of letting go in, e.g. of armed soldiers, *inductio armatorum*); — of persons, *introductio* (e.g. *adolescentularum nobilitum*); to give an —, *alq*(i) alci commendare**; an — to a book, etc.,

proemium, principium, exordium, praefatio (Plin., Quint.); say something in — to, dicere *alqd ante rem*; after a short — respecting old age, *pauca praefatus de senectute*. **introduction**, adj. by v., e.g. to make — remarks, *praefari*.

intromission, n. *aditus, -ūs*, or by verb, *intrumittere*.

introspect, v.tr., **introspection**, n. *ipsum se inspicere*; for gen. sense, see **INSPECT**.

intrude, v.intr. = to — on a person or family, *se intrudere, se inferre et intrudere, se inculcare alcjs auribus* (in order that one may be heard). **intruder**, n. by *importunitas, molestus*. **intrusion**, n. *importunitas*; troublesomeness, or by verb, *se inferre et intrudere*. **intrusive**, adj. qui se infert et intrudit. Adv. *molestie, importune*.

intrust, v.tr. *fidei alcjs alqd committere* or permittēre, *tradere alqd in alcjs fidem*; see **ENTRUST**.

intuition, n. poetical, philosophical —, *anticipatio, cognitio, perceptio, comprehensio, anticipatio* (*κατάληψις*). **intuitive**, adj. = clear, *perspicuous, dilucidus*; = clearly expressed, *expressus* (of images); in philosophy use n. (e.g. — knowledge, *alqd per quandam animi perceptionem cognitionis*). Adv. *perspicue, dilucide, (celeri) quādam animi perceptione*.

intumescence, inturgescence, n. by verbs, (*in*thymescere, *extumescere* (in gen.); *turgescere*; see **SWELL, SWELLING**.

inundation, n. better expressed by verb, *inundare*, or by *magna aquae*.

inurbanity, n. *inurbanitas, rusticitas*.

inure, v.tr. *assuefacere*; see **ACCUSTOM**.

inurn, v.tr. *in urnam condere*; see **INTER**.

inutility, n. *inutilitas*.

invade, v.tr. *irruptionem or incursionem facere in, etc.*, *invadere* (the enemy, a town, a harbour, etc., in *alqm*, in *alqd*; also of an evil); *alcj* or in *alqm* *incurrere, bellum alcj inferre*; of a large body of troops, *in terram infundi or infuere*; to — a country with an army, *terram invadere cum copiis*; the enemy's land, *copias in fines hostium introducere, or inducere, impulsionem facere in fines hostium*; see **ATTACK, ASSAULT**. **invader**, n. *hostis*. **invasion**, n. *irruptio, incursio*.

invalid, I. adj. in law, = having no effect, *irritus* (= without legal force, opp. *ratus*, e.g. a will); = fruitless, *ratus* (= vain, without effect, of things), comb. *irritus et vanus* (e.g. a will); = unfit, *parum idoneus* (= not suited to the purpose, e.g. authority, witness, excuse); of arguments, *infirmus, nugatorius, vitiosus*; to make anything —, *alqd irritum facere* (e.g. a will), = to rescind, to annul, *alqd rescindere* (e.g. a will, a compact, a sentence), comb. *rescindere et irritum facere* or *ut irritum et vanum rescindere* (of a will). II. n. *aeger* = ill; to be a confirmed —, *tenui aut potius nullō valetudine esse*; an — soldier, *causorius*. **invalidate**, v.tr. *alqd irritum facere, tollere* (= to destroy), *infirmare* (= to weaken), *lafefactare* (e.g. *opinionem*), *rescindere, refigere* (of laws); see **ABROGATE, ABOLISH**. **invalidish**, adj. ad *alqm* *morbum proclivior*. **invalidity**, n. use adj. **INVALID** or v. **INVALIDATE**.

invective, n. *convictum, contumelia, male-dictum, probrum, invectio (rare), verba with adj.*, e.g. *acerba* (= bitter); *maligna* (= sharp), *aculeata* (= stinging), *mordacia* (= reproachful), *criminoso* (of a speech). **inveigh**, v.intr. *in alqm invehi, incurrire, incessere, alqm jurgio adoriri, con-*

tumeliosis verbis or verbis vehementioribus prosequi, alqm or alqd obfurgare; = to scold, *alqm increpare, castigare*.

inveigle, v.tr. see **MISLEAD, SEDUCE**.

invent, v.tr. *invenire, reperire*; to — (in the mind), *excoigitare*; = to contrive, hatch, *com-minisci* (gen. something bad). **invention**, n. 1, = act of —, *invenitio, excoigitatio*, or by verb (e.g. *hamis repertis*, = by the — of hooks); 2, = thing invented, *alqd inventum or repertum*; 3, = fiction, *commentum, fabula, mendacium* (= lie). **inventive**, adj. *ingeniosus* (= who has always new ideas); *sollvers* (= clever, who knows how to make use of, how to apply new ideas to some purpose); sharp, deep, *acutus* (= who can conceive a thing in its depth); an — person, *ingenium ad excoigitandum acutum*; the — faculty, *inventio, excoigitatio*. **inventor**, n. *inventor* (chiefly poet, or prior to *repertor*), *inventris*; = author, *auctor, architectus* (lit. architect), *comb. architectus et princeps*; the —s of the art of sculpture, *fin-genti conditores*. **inventory**, n. *repertorium, inventarium* (Jct.).

inverse, adj. *inversus, conversus*. Adv. *retro, permuto ordinis*. **inversion**, n. *con-versio* (lit. e.g. of the bladder, *vesicae*; fig. = destruction, *eversio*); — of words, *inversio verborum*. **invert**, v.tr. = to turn into a contrary direction, *(con)verttere*; = to turn round, *inverttere* (e.g. the ring, *anulum*; hence fig., to change entirely, e.g. the order of the words, *ordinem verborum*); to — the order of words, *† ultima primis praeponere*; = to alter, *commutare* (fig., e.g. the constitution of the state, *rempublicam*); = to change entirely, *permutare* (e.g. *omnem reipublicae statum*; = to upset completely, *evertre* (fig., e.g. the state, *rempublicam*); = to turn everything topsy-turvy, *omnia miscere, summa imis miscere, omnia sursum deorsum versare*.

invest, v.tr. 1, see **CLOTHE**; 2, = to — with an office, *magistratum alcj dare, mandare, deferre, muneri alqm praeficere*; to — anyone with the highest power, *deferre alcj summam imperii*; 3, = to lend (e.g. — with a charm), *alqd alcj addere, impetrare, alqm alqd re (ex)ponere*; see **ADORN, GIVE**; 4, of money, *pecuniam collocare, occupare, ponere, with in alqd re or apud alqm*; 5, = to besiege, *circumsedere, obsidere, vallo or fossa cingere* or *circumdare*; see **BESIEGE**. **investiture**, n. = the right of giving possession of any manor, office, or benefit, **ritus inaugurationis feudalium*. **investment**, n. 1, with an office, *inauguratio, or by verb; see INSTALL*; 2, of money, by verb **INVEST**; 3, = siege, *obsessio*.

investigate, v.tr. *exquirere, indagare, (per-)scrutari, investigare, querere, cognoscere* (the last two also of judicial investigation), *per-contari* (*percunct-*), *sciscitari*; to — the true reason of anything, *veram rationem alcjs rei ex-segu*; to — the truth, *quid verum sit exquirere*. **investigation**, n. *investigatio, indagatio, per-contatio* (*percunct-*) (= questioning), *inquisitio, questio, cognitio*; see **INQUIRY**. **investigator**, n. *investigator, indagator, quæsitor* (only in judicial matters), *inquisitor*.

inveteracy, n. *inveteratio*. **inveterate**, adj. *inveteratus, confirmatus* (fig., = deeply rooted), *penitus deflexus* (of bad habits), *penitus insitus* (of opinions); to become —, *inveterascre*. Adv. *penitus*.

invidious, adj. 1, = envions, *invidus, invidiosus, lividus, malignus, malevolus*; 2, = exposed to envy, *invidiosus, odiosus*. Adv. *maligne, invidiose*. **invidiousness**, n. 1, *invidia, malevolentia, malignitas*; 2, *invidia, odium*.

invigorate, v.tr. corroborare (e.g. anyone through constant work, employment, *alqñm asiduo opere*) ; = to revive anyone, (*con*)firmare (e.g. the body through food, *corpus cibis firmare*) ; to become invigorated, *se corroborare, se confirmare, se recreare, et vires reficiere* (= to recruit one's strength). **invigorating**, adj. *aptus ad corpus* (etc.) *reficiendum*. **invigoration**, n. *confirmatio animi*; for — of the body, use verb.

invincible, adj. *invictus, in(ex)superabilis, inexpugnabilis* (= impregnable, of places); *quod superari non potest* (fig., e.g. obstacles, impedimenta). Adv. *quod superari non potest*.

inviolability, n. *sanctitas* (of God and men, = sanctity), *caerimonia, religio* (= sacredness, of the gods and of everything consecrated to them, e.g. tombs). **inviolable**, adj. *inviolabilitas, inviolatus*; = sacred, holy, consecrated, *santus, sacrosanctus*. Adv. *inviolata*. **inviolate**, adj. *integer* (of a thing remaining in its former state); = without having received any injury, unhurt, *illatus, inviolatus, comb. integer atque inviolatus, intactus inviolatusque*; = entire, undamaged, *incorruptus*; = without any accident, safe, *in-columnis* (opp. *afflictus, vitiatus*), *comb. integer incolumisque*; = safe, in safety, *salvus, salvus, comb. salutis atque incolumis*.

invisibility, n. by **invisible**, adj. *caecus* or *nihil cernendus, or quem (quam, quod) cernere et videre non possumus, quem (quam, quod) non possumus oculis consequi*; to be —, *sub oculis non cadere; non comparere* (= not to appear, of persons and things); the — world, *caelum, superi*; see HEAVEN. Adv. *quod cerni non potest*.

invitation, n. *invitatio*; at your —, *invitatus* or *vocatus a te, invitatu* or *vocatu tuo*. **invite**, v.tr. 1, (in the usual sense) *invitare alqñm ad algd* (any invitation, of persons and things); *vocare alqñm ad algd* (the usual phrase in inviting anyone to dinner through a slave; then in gen. of an invitation to take part in anything, e.g. *ad bellum, ad quietem, etc.*); to — oneself to dinner, *condicere ad cenam, condicere alci* (the latter in gen. in the sense, I'll be your guest); 2, = to allure; to — to the pleasures of rural life, *ad frumentum agrum invitare*; see ALLURE. **inviting**, adj. *blandus, gratus, amoenus, dulcis*. Adv. *blande, grata, amoeña, dulciter*.

invocation, n. *imploratio* (= imploring), *testatio* (= calling as a witness).

invoice, n. (*mercium*) *libellus* or *index, -icis*, m. and f.; see ACCOUNT.

invoke, v.tr. *invocare, implorare*; to — the Muses, *invocare Musas*; to — the gods, *implorare* or *invocare Deos, invocare atque obsecrari Deos, comprecari Deos* (the latter esp. = to pray for help); to — anyone's assistance, *implorare fidem alqñs, invocare subsidium alqñs, auxilium alqñs implorare et flagitare*; to — God as a witness, *Deum testari, Deum invocare testimoni*.

involuntary, adj. *invitus et coactus* (= unwilling and forced), *non voluntarius* (= not made to please us, e.g. death). Adv. *invite*, or by adj. or *hac sponte suā*. **involuntariness**, n. *necessitas, or by adj. (e.g. the — of my action, quod coactus feci)*.

involution, n. *implicatio, involutio* (VITRUV.), better by INVOLVE, which see. **involve**, v.tr. 1, = to envelop (e.g. to — one in smoke), *involvere*; see ENVELOP; 2, = to implicate, *alqñm alqñ re implicare, illaqueare, illigare*; to be involved in debt, *aere alieno obrutum, oppressum, or demersum esse*; see IMPLICATE; 3, = to imply, *continere, habere*; it is involved in the nature of the

case, *rei inest algd, ex algd re sequitur*; see IMPLY, FOLLOW.

invulnerable, adj. *invulnerabilis* (Sem.); to be —, *vulnerari non posse*.

inwall, v.tr. *saxa consaepire (consep-)*.

inward, adj. = internal, interior, *interior*; see INNER. Adv. *introrsus or introrsum, intus, intrinsecus*; bent —, *incurvus*.

inweave, v.tr. *intexere alci rei or in algd re* (lit. and fig.).

inwrought, adj. by *intextus*; see WEAVE, ENGRAVE.

irascible, adj. *iracundus, in iram praecepis, stomachosus, irritabilis*. Adv. *iracunde, irate, stomachose*. **irascibility**, n. *iracundia, stomachachus*; see IRRITATION. **ire**, n. see ANGER, WRATH. **irateful**, adj. see ANGRY.

iris, n. 1, see RAINBOW; 2, = the flag-flower, *iris* (Plin.).

irks, v.tr. impers.; it —, *alqñm alejs rei piget, taedet, or with infin.; alci molestum est, with infinitive*. **irksome**, adj. = annoying, *gravis, molestus*; = full of labour, tiring, *operosus*; = hateful, odious. Adv. *graviter, moleste, aegre*. **irksomeness**, n. *taedium, molestia*; see DISAGREEABLE.

iron, I. n. *ferrum*; of —, made of —, *ferreus*; ironed, *ferratus*; to put anyone in —s, *alqñm in vincula con(j)icere or mittere*; we must strike the — whilst it is hot, *utendum est animis dum spe calent, Curt. et maturae dum libido manet* (Ter.). II. adj. *ferreus* (both lit. and fig.); an — instrument, —ware, *ferramentum*; I must have a heart of —, *ferreus essem; on* you with your heart of —! o te ferreum! III. v.tr. 1, = to smooth with an instrument of —, *ferro cal(efacto) vestes premeré*; 2, = chain; see IRON, n. above. **ironmaster**, **ironmonger**, n. *negotiator ferrarius*. **ironmongery**, n. *ferramenta, -orum*.

ironical, adj. *algd per ironiam seu dissimulationem dictum*; an — man, simulator (e.g. in omni oratione simulatorem, quem *epoeca Graeci nominarunt, Socratem accepimus* (Cic.)). Adv. *per ironiam*. **irony**, n. *ironia* (*epoeca*, a word which Cic. borrowed from the Greeks), *dissimulatio* (= dissimulation).

irradiate, v.tr. = to illuminate, lit. *irradiare* (post-Aug. poets), *luce sud collustrare* (of the sun, etc.), *illustrare*; see ILLUMINATE.

irrational, adj. = without reason, *rationis expers, brutus* (esp. of animals); *amens, demens, insanus* (= mad), *stolidus, stupidus, stultus, fatuus* (= stupid), *caecus* (= mentally blind). Adv. *insane, stolidè, stulta*. **irrationality**, n. by adj. or some word = stupidity or madness (e.g. *stupor, stupidiæ, socordia, amentia, dementia*).

irrecoverable, adj. 1, = not to be appeased, *implacabilis, inexorabilis*; 2, of propositions, *(res) inter se repugnantes, contrariae*; see INCONSISTENT. Adv. by adj.

irrecoverable, adj. *irreparabilis*; an — loss, *damnum quod nunquam resarciri potest; irrecoverabilis*. Adv. by adj.

irrefragable, adj. *certus, firmus, gravis, ratus, confirmatus, or (argumentum) quod refutari non potest, or quod vim aferit in docendo*. Adv. by adj. or *necessario, necessarie* (rare, but found in Cic.), *necessarie demonstrari*.

irrefutable, adj. see IRREFRAGABLE.

irregular, adj. *enormis* (Tac., of streets etc.), *incompositus* (= not well put together), *institutus* (= unusual), *inaequalis, inaequalibilis* (=

unequal); as gram. t.t., *anomalous*; of an election, *vitiōsus*; — conduct, *licentia*, *mores dissoluti* or *pravii*. Adv. *enormiter*, *incomposite*, *inustitate*, *inequaliter*, *inaequabilit̄*; of conduct, *dissolute*, *prave*; of an election, *vitio* (e.g. *consules vitio creati*). **irregularity**, n. *enormitas* (Quint.), *inequalitas*; gram. t.t., *anomalia*; — of conduct, *licentia*, *mores dissoluti* or *pravii*, *pravitatis*; in an election, *vitium*.

irrelevant, adj. *alci rei*, (*aō*) *algā re alienus*; it is —, *nihil ad rem* or *ad haec*.

irreligion, n. *impieitas erga Deum or Deos*; = want of devotion, *Dei* or *Deorum negligētia* (*neglig-*). **irreligious**, adj. *impius erga Deum or Deos*, *contemptor religionis*. Adv. *impie*.

irremediable, adj. see *INCURABLE*.

irremovable, adj. *immobilis*; see *IMMOVABLE*; — that cannot be changed, *immutabilis* (e.g. the tracks of the stars, *spatio*); *certus*, *ratus*.

irreparable, adj. see *IRREVOCALE*.

irreprehensible, adj. *non reprehendendus*, *non vituperandus* (= blameless); — as it ought to be, *probus* (e.g. goods, an article; hence also of persons); = *virtuous*, *good*, *integer*, *sanctus*. Adv. *sancete*, *probe*, *integre*.

irreproachable, adj. see *IRREPREHENSIBLE*.

irresistible, adj. *cui nullā vi resisti potest*, *invictus*, *inter(s)uperabilis*. Adv. *necessario* or *necessarie* (rare), or *ita ut nullo modo resisti possit*.

irresolute, adj. *dubius* (= doubtful); — uncertain, *incertus*; = changeable, *mutabilis*, *mobilis*, *varius*, *parum stabilis*, *fīrmus* or *constans*, *inconstans*, *haesitans*, *cunctans*; to be —, *magñū consilii inopiat affectum esse*. Adv. *dubitante*, *inconstanter*. **iresolution**, n. *dubitatio*, *haesitatio*, *cunctatio* (cont.).

irrespective, adj. by Adv. *nullū ratione* (*alejs rei*) *habita*.

irresponsible, adj. *cui nulla ratio reddenda est*. **irresponsibility**, n. use adj.

irretrievable, adj. see *IRRECOVERABLE*.

irreverence, n. *impieitas erga Deum or Deos*, *nulla rerum divinarum reverentia*. **irreverent**, adj. *invercundus*, *parum vercundus* (= *immodest*), *impious erga Deum or Deos*. Adv. *impie*; to behave — towards anyone, *reverentiam alei non praestare*.

irrevocable, adj. *irrevocabilis*, *irreparabilis*, *immutabilis*; an — loss, *damnū quod nullū modo resarciri potest*. Adv. *in perpetuum*.

irrigate, v.tr. *irrigare*. **irrigation**, n. *irrigatio*, *inductio aquarum*. **irriguous**, adj. + *irriguus*, or by *rigare*, *irrigare*.

irritable, adj. *irritabilis*, *stomachosus*, *iracundus*. Adv. *stomachose*, *iracunde*. **irritate**, v.tr. 1, e.g. to — a wound, *inflammare* (Plin.); 2, in a fig. sense, *alqm irritare*, *alejs iram concitare* or *irritare*. **irritation**, n. *ira*, *stomachus*; see *ANGER*.

irruption, n. 1, e.g. of the sea, by *irrumere*; e.g. of the enemy, *irruptio*, *incursio*. **irruptive**, adj. by *irrumptere*.

isinglass, n. *ichthycocia* (Plin.).

island, n. *insula* (also = the inhabitants of the —, e.g. *insulæ bello persequi*, Nep.). **islander**, n. *insulanus* (Cic.), *insulæ incōla*; the —s, *ii qui insulam*, or *insulas*, *incōlunt*. **isle**, n. see *ISLAND*. **islet**, n. *parva insula*.

isolate, v.tr. *secessare*, *sejungere*, *separare* (= separate). **isolated**, adj. *remotus* (= distant), *solus* (= alone). **isolation**, n. *solitudo*.

isosceles, n. **isosceles*.

issue, I. n. 1, = the act of flowing (e.g. — of blood), by verb; 2, = a sending out (e.g. the — of an order, money), by verb; 3, = the result of a thing, *exitus*, *-ūs*, *eventus*, *-ūs*; a good —, *successus*, *-ūs*; to know the —, *scire quos eventus res sit habitura*; the point at —, *res de qua agitur*; see *END*, *CONCLUSION*, *DECISION*; 4, = offspring, *filius*, *filia* (= son, daughter); *progenies*, *stirps* (the latter lit. stem, in the sing. = children, — in gen.); one of the later —, *unus e posteris* (= one of those who were later born, down from the great-grandson, opp. *unus e majoribus*) = the descendants, *progenies* or *progenites liberorum*, *stirps* or *stirps liberorum* (as regards the coming generation); = the whole posterity, in a wide sense, *posterioris*; + *suboles*; male —, *stirps virilis*, *virilis sexus stirps*; to leave —, *stirpem retinēre*. II. v.intr. 1, = to flow out, *effluer*, *emanare*; 2, = to go out, *egredi*, *evadere*; = to rush out (e.g. troops), *erumpere* (expressing wherfrom, of buds, leaves, etc., also of soldiers that make a salty, e.g. from the camp, *ex castris*); *prorumpere*, *prorumpi* (= to rush, expressing the direction whereto, e.g. a fountain, fire, also of soldiers); = to make a salty, *eruptionem facere*; = to rush forth, *procurrere* (of troops rushing forth from their position to attack the enemy); = to march out hastily, *provolare*, *evolare* (from, ex, etc.; with all troops, with the whole force, *omnibus copiis*); = to emerge, *emergere* (from, ex, etc.; lit. to dive forth, from under); to — suddenly from the ambush, *ex insidiis subito consurgere*; 3, = to proceed (as income), by *fructuā reddere*; 4, = to end, *finire*, *terminare* (= to come to an end); = to cease, *desinere*. III. v.tr. 1, = to send out (e.g. money), *promerē* (e.g. money from the treasury); to — a new coinage, *distributre*; 2, = to send out, deliver from authority (e.g. to — an order, a book), *edere*, *proponere* (by placards), *pronuntiare* (by heralds, public criers); to be issued, *exire*, *emanare*; to — an order, *edicere*, *edictum proponere*; to — two severe orders, *nimirū severa statuēre*; to — a decree, *rescribere* (of the sovereign); to — a written order to anybody, *lit(ter)as dare* or *mittēre ad alqm*; 3, = to deliver for use, to — voting papers, voting tablets, *diribere tabellas*; one who does this, *diribitor*; to — provisions, *dispensare* (of the dispensator, = the manager of the house).

isthmus, n. *isthmus* (*isthos*).

it, pers. pron. 1, as a demons. pron. by *hic*, *haec*, *hoc*, or *is*, *ea*, *id*; 2, before a verb, not rendered at all; if used emphatically, by *ille*, *illa*, *illud*, or, pointing to a third party, *iste*, *ista*, *istud*, or if = self, itself, by *ipse*, *ipsa*, *ipsum*, or by *res*, *ipsa res*.

Italian, adj. *Italicus*, + *Italus*. **italics**, n. *lit(litterae) tenues et paulum inclinatae*.

itch, I. n. 1, as a disease, *scabies*; to suffer from the —, *scabie laborare*; 2, = sensation caused from that disease, *scabies* (rare), *prurigo*, *pruritus*, *-ūs* (Plin.), *formicatio* (*μυρμηκία*, = an like the crawling of ants, Plin.). II. v.intr. lit. *prurire* (in gen.), *formicare* (Plin.), as if ants were running about on the part of the body which itches, *verminare* (Mart.), as if the part which itches was full of vermin).

item, I. adv. = also; (used when something is to be added) see *FURTHER*. II. n. ill all account, —s of expenditure, *rationes sumptuariae*; in a gen. sense, = article, *pars*, *caput* (e.g. of a law, a treaty); an — in a contract, *agreement*, *condicio*, *caput*; or often *res* would be sufficient; or by adj. *singuli* (e.g. the —s of expenditure, *pecuniae singulae*).

iterate, v.tr. *iterare*. **iteration**, n. use verb.

itinerant, n. and adj. *viator, circumforaneus*. **itinerary**, n. *itinoris descriptio*.

ivory, I. n. *ebor*. II. adj. *eburneus, + eburnus, eboreus*.

ivy, n. *hedera*; —mantled (of towers, etc.), *haberd obsitus*.

J.

jabber, v.intr. *blaterare, garrire, strepere, crepare*; see PRATTLE. **jabberer**, n. qui blaterat. **jabbering**, n. *clamor, strepitus, -us*.

jack, n. 1, as term of contempt, — of all trades, qui se ad omnia aptum esse putat; 2, = boot—, instrumentum ad caligas detrahendas aptum; kitchen —, *machina quā utimur ad carnem circumagendam*. **jackanapes**, n. homo stolidus. **jackass**, n. *asinus* (lit. and fig.). **jackdaw**, n. *monedula*, perhaps *graculus*.

jacket, n. *vestis or vestimentum*.

jade, n. 1, = a poor horse, *caballus*; 2, of a woman, *muler importuna, puella proterva*. **jaded**, adj. *fatigatus, (de)cessus*; see WEARY.

jag, v.tr. = to cut into notches like those of a saw, *incidere* (= to make incisions); see INDENT. **jagged, jaggy**, adj. *serratus* (Plin., with teeth like those of a saw); — rocks, *saxa praeerupta*; see RUGGED.

jail, n. *furcifer*; see GAOL, PRISON.

jam, I. n. *fructus conditi*. II. v.tr. *comprimere*.

jamb, n. (in architecture) *postis*, m.

jangle, v. see QUARREL.

janitor, n. *janitor, ostiarius; fem. janitrix*.

January, n. *Januarius (mensis)*.

jar, I. v.intr. 1, = to strike discordantly, or if the jarring sound is repeated, *stridere* (or *stridēre*, = to whiz), *absonus esse, dissonare, discrepare*; 2, = to disagree with, *discrepare, dissimum esse*; see DISAGREE. II. n. = quarrel, *rixa, jurgium*; see QUARREL. **jarring**, adj. *dissonus, discors*; see DISCORDANT.

jar, n. = a vessel, *olla* (orig. *aula*), *cadus* (esp. for wine), *dolium* (= cask), *seria* (= large —); *urceus* (in gen.); *urna* (lit. = a jug for water, then an urn for the ashes of dead bodies, a lottery-box, a money-box, etc.); *hydria* (*ὑδρία*), *stilulus* and *stilula* (= a water-pot, also used as a lottery-box, in this sense usu. *stilletta*); *amphora* (*ἀμφορεύς* = a large vessel, usually with two ears or handles, esp. used for wine).

jargon, n. *strepitus, -us*, or *sermo barbarus, ut ita dicam*.

jasper, I. n. *iaspis*. II. adj. *iaspideus* (Plin.).

jaundice, n. *morbus regius* or *argutus* (Cels.). **jaundiced**, adj. fig. *lividus, invidus*.

jaunt, n. *iter, excursio* (Plin. Min.); to take a —, *excurrere* (Plin. Min.).

javelin, n. *pilum, jaculum*; see DART.

jaw, n. 1, *maxilla* (Cels.); jaws, *fauces, -ium* (= the larynx); to tear out of the —s, *eripere faucibus* (lit. and fig.). **jaw-bone**, n. *maxilla*.

jealous, adj. *aemulus* (= rival); = envious, *invidus, lividus*; to be — of anyone, *aemulari*

alci or *cum algo, invidere alci*. Adv. use adj. **jealousy**, n. in gen. *aemulatio* (Cic., Tusc.); *zelotypia* (Plin.), by Cic. written in Greek, *ζηλοτυπία* = in love).

jeer, I. v.tr. and intr. in *ludibrium vertere* (Tac.); the people — at anything, *alqd in orā omnium pro ludibrio abiit* (Liv.); = to deride anything or anyone, *ludibrio sibi habere, ludificare, deridere*; = to mock, *irridere*, all with *alqm, illudere alei, or in alqm*; = to cavil, *alqm cavillari*. II. n. *ludificatio, cavillatio, irritio, irrisus, -us, ludibrium*. **jeerer**, n. *irrisor, derisor, cavillator*. **jeering**, adj. by adv. *cum irrisione*.

jejune, adj. *jejunus, aridus, exilis, sicvis, exsanguis*. Adv. *jejune, exiliter, jejune et exiliter*. **jejuneness**, n. *jejunitas, siccitas, comb. jejunitas et siccitas et inopia*.

jeopardize, v.tr. *alqd in aleam dare, alqd in discrimen committere or vocare or adducere; alqd discriminī committēre, alqd ad ultimum discrimen adducere*. **jeopardy**, n. see DANGER, ADVENTURE.

jerk, I. v.tr. *offendere alqm alqm re* (e.g. *capite, cubito, pede aut genu*); see HIT, BEAT. II. n. 1, *impetus, -us*; see HIT; 2, see LEAP.

jerkin, n. 1, see JACKET; a buff —, *lorica*; 2, *vestis*.

jest, I. v.intr. *jocari, joco uti, joca agere cum algo, joculari, cavillari*. II. n. *locus*, in the plur. *joca* in Cic. and Sall., *joci* in Liv., = a joke, amusement, *ludus, comb. ludus et locus*; = fun, wit, *facetiae*; in —, *per jocum, per ludum et jocum*; for —, *per ridiculum, joco, joculariter*; do you mean that in earnest or in —? *jocone an serio hoc dicas?* without —, no —, *amoto or remoto joco, omissis jocis, extra jocum*; to put a — upon anyone, *alqm ludere, ludificari*. **jester**, n. *qui jocatur*; = buffoon, scurril, sannio, baldro.

jet, n. = the mineral, *gagates, -ae*, m. (Plin.); —black, *nigerrimus*.

jet, n. of water, *aqua saliens* or *exsiliens* (or in pl.)

jetsam, n. *res naufragio ejectae*.

jetty, n. *moles, -is*.

Jew, n. *Judaicus*. **Judaism**, n. *Judaismus, religio Judaica, doctrina Judaica*. **Jewish**, adj. *Judaicus, Judaeus*. **Jewry**, n. *vicus Judaicus, regio Judaica*.

jewel, n. *gemma*; see GEM. **jewelled**, adj. *gemmeus, gemmatus*. **jeweller**, n. *qui gemmas vendit or sculptit*.

jig, n. and v.tr. see DANCE.

jilt, v.tr. *repudiare*.

jingle, I. v.intr. (as in jingling chains or bells), *tinnire* (= to ring). II. n. or *jangling*, n. *tinnitus, -us*.

job, n. 1, = work, *opus, -ris*, n.; 2, = a small lucrative business or office, *munus exiguum* or *parvum*; see WORK, PERFORMANCE; 3, = work carried on unfairly, *frans, -dis*, f. **jobber**, n. 1, = one who does small jobs, *operarius* (= one who assists, servant, labourer); 2 (= a stock-jobber), *argentarius*; see BROKER; 3, = one who does anything unfairly, *fraudator, circumscriptor*.

jockey, I. n. *agaso* (= groom). II. v.tr. (= to cheat), *circumvenire* (= to surround, fig. to take in); see CHEAT,

jocose, jocular, adj. *jocosus, jocularis, jocularius, ridiculus* (of persons and things); = laughable, *ridendum* (of things); *facetus, salsus, festivus, hilaris* (*hilarus* = gay), *ludicer, lascivus* (= sportive). Adv. *jocose, joculariter, festive, lascive, hilariter, hilare, facete, salse*; see GAY,

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